

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

L. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

"Of the People and for the People."

Single Copies 5 Cents.

VOLUME 24.

CHELSEA, MICH., THURSDAY, AUG. 15, 1895.

NUMBER 51.

ALL SUMMER GOODS AT GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

New Fall Goods arriving every day, and we must have room.

What's Left Goes Cheap.

Remember, not a dollar's worth of old goods.

We are closing out now what's left of one of the largest and handsomest lines of Summer Goods shown this season anywhere within forty miles of Chelsea.

Makes no difference how much you have bought when you see the class of goods we are now moving with a rush, some at not over one-half actual value, you will want more and wish you could get still more.

Look for yourself. Judge for yourself.

W. P. SCHENK & COMPANY.
largest Retail Store in Washtenaw Co.

HOAG & HOLMES.

We are offering some Special Bargains in Crockery and Glassware.

Our Stock is Complete.

We have a number of Stock Patterns to select from of the best makes. We have one Decorated Pattern in a 56-piece Tea Set for \$3.89, and 11-piece Dinner Set for \$8.64.

Fruit Jars, Covers and Rubbers; also Jelly Cups. A good half-gallon Jug for 16 cents.

HOAG & HOLMES.

Hammocks and Croquet Cheap.

We Sell the New Gale Plows

In Steel and Wood Beam. It is the best General Purpose Plow. Give it a trial.

We are making Special Prices on Plow Points for fall trade. Four Genuine Gale Points for \$1.00. Farmers take advantage of this offer.

We still Sell Furniture at Lowest Prices ever heard of. Walker Wagons at Factory Prices, and Lumber Wagons Very Cheap.

W. J. KNAPP.

JOHN BAUMGARDNER
Designer and Builder of
Artistic Granite Memorials.
Office, 6 Detroit St., Ann Arbor, Mich.

Established 1868.

We keep on hand large quantities of all the various granites in the rough, and are prepared to execute fine monumental work on short notice. Original Designs. Correspondence Solicited. Electric Works 6, 8, 10 Detroit St., and 17-19 5th Ave. Dock and Derrick 2-8 Miller Ave.

The Day of Sports.

Thursday was a great day for Chelsea. The weather was fine, the crowd was large, the races were good, and the ball games were exciting.

The Chelsea band led the way to Recreation Park in the afternoon, and played several selections during the balance of the day. Over 2,000 people were on the ground in the afternoon, nearly one-half of whom were ladies.

The afternoon program opened with the horse races, as follows:

FREE-FOR-ALL.

Trot or pace, half-mile heats, best 3 in 5, purse \$25.00.

Bell B.	b. m.	Fred Teachout,	Brooklyn, Mich.	1 1 1
Don, b. g.	c. Minnie,	Detroit,	Mich.	2 2 2
Judge Hatch,	b. a.	W. Kempf,	Chesterfield, Mich.	3 3 3
Time—1:12, 1:09, 1:12½.				

This was one of the best races ever witnessed on our track. Fred Teachout's mare making the fastest half mile ever trotted here. When we consider the fast company, Wilbur Kempf's horse made a fine showing for a horse that had not been worked on the track this year.

THREE MINUTE.

Trot or pace, half mile heats, best 3 in 5, purse \$25.00.

Frank B. R.	b. g.	Fred Teachout,	Brooklyn, Mich.	4 1 1 1
Rockaway, b. g.	J. V. N.	Gregory, Dexter, Mich.	1 2 4 3	
Nunfield, g. s.	G. Lockwood,	Freestone, b. s.	Tommy Mc-	
Star, b. m.	Stockbridge, Mich.	Namara, Chelsea, Mich.	3 4 3 2	
Arbor, Mich.	Ann Arbor, Mich.	Nunfield, g. s.	5 3 2 6	
Mollie, b. m.	F. Austin, Ann Arbor, Mich.	Star, b. m.	2 5 6 5	
Time—1:24, 1:24, 1:20, 1:19½.				

There were five starters in this race, and the first money was won by Fred Teachout's Frank B. R. Rockaway was second and Freestone third.

NOVELTY RACE.

Walk a half, trot a half and run a half. Purse \$10.00.

F. Beeman, Waterloo	.....	8
E. Weiss, Waterloo	.....	4
Geo. Elser, South Bend, Ind.	.....	5
Jas. Flemming, Dexter	.....	1
Wm. Lehman, Chelsea	.....	2

This was the last horse race on the program, and created considerable merriment.

The foot race was sandwiched in with the horse races, and was easily won by Canfield, of Ann Arbor. C. Beeman, of Waterloo, was second.

BICYCLE RACES.

Best 2 in 3, half mile heats, purse \$5.00.

G. Lighthall, Chelsea	.....	1 1
B. Turnbull, Chelsea	.....	3 2
R. Kraft, Ann Arbor	.....	3 3
C. Schultz, Chelsea	.....	4 4

This was a good race, but both Kraft and Schultz found the company a little too fast. Lighthall won easily in two straight heats.

TWO-MILE DASH.

Purse \$5.00.

John Streeter, Lima	.....	1
G. Lighthall, Chelsea	.....	2
B. Turnbull, Chelsea	.....	3
C. Schultz	.....	4

This would have been a very close and exciting race but for one thing. Just as B. Turnbull passed the grand stand on the second half he collided with a dog and was thrown from his wheel. This caused him to lose considerable time and put him third in the race, which in all probability he would have won.

The ball game in the forenoon was a walkaway for the Chelsea club, the score being 7 to 2 in their favor.

The Brooklyn club failed to show up for the afternoon game, so Chelsea and Ann Arbor played an exhibition game. The score stood 10 to 18 in favor of Ann Arbor.

Geo. Elser, the king of the saddle, with his little horse "Dock," gave an exhibition in front of the grand stand of wonderful feats of horsemanship, expert, fancy and trick riding, which brought forth round after round of applause. He also gave an exhibition of throwing the Boomerang. The Boomerang is a crooked stick which he throws with great force away from him. After passing through the air to a distance of 200 feet, to the amazement of all present, and contrary to all laws of nature, the Boomerang returned as directly to him as it was sent.

Think of it! You have heard of people throwing around the corner—he does it. He also throws the bowlin as dexterously as the Mexican or cowboy does the lasso.

The above exhibition was one of the most pleasing features of the afternoon program.

Everything passed off pleasantly and

without accident. Everybody was satisfied, and many expressed their determination to come to Chelsea whenever she decides to have another day of sports.

WE

Never Reach The End

Of our ability to give our customers bargains, and never will while it is possible for close buyers to find them. We quote you prices this week that we are sure are worth your attention because they are ten to thirty per cent under other dealers.

The Best Fruit Jars

Are certainly the cheapest to buy in the long run, and that is the only kind we are offering our trade. Every jar guaranteed.

We are selling for a few days more:

22 pounds Granulated Sugar for \$1.00.

A good Fine Cut for 19 cents per pound.

10 pounds best Rolled Oats for 25 cents.

Pure Epsom Salts 2 cents per pound.

10 cakes good Soap for 25 cents.

16 ounces of Plug Tobacco for 20 cents.

5 1-2 pounds best Crackers for 25 cents.

Spirits Camphor 35 cents per Pint.

4 pounds best 4 Crown Raisins for 25 cents.

Fresh Herring 12 cents per box.

Fresh Lemons 20 cents per dozen.

Electric Kerosine Oil 9 cents per gal.

34 pounds Brown Sugar for \$1.00.

Always the Highest Market Price for Eggs.

Yours for Bargains,

F. P. Glazier & Co.

COAL AND LUMBER.

Now is a good time to place your order for Coal. We offer the best Lehigh Valley Coal for July and August delivery, at \$4.90 per ton, delivered at your house.

We are also prepared to quote you lower prices on all grades of Lumber, Lath and Shingles than have ever been heard of in this part of the country. We are selling a grade of Lumber at \$12.00 per thousand that other dealers have been selling at \$20.00. We would be pleased to quote you prices. Best Marble Head Lime 65 cents per barrel. Respectfully,

THE GLAZIER STOVE CO.

MEAT FIT TO EAT.

Having purchased M. Boyd's meat business, I shall continue to keep a first-class meat market at the old stand. I shall endeavor to cater satisfactorily to the wants of customers, and cordially invite all my old friends to call. Respectfully.

JOHN BAGGE, Chelsea.

It Is Always Cheaper

To pay a reasonable charge to the man who knows how and has the facilities to do what you want, than to expend many times that amount for the painful experience that always follows the employment of one who does not, from lack of experience, facilities, and the many other requirements necessary to successful REPAIRING.

This Applies Also

To the purchase of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks, Etc., and the large number of other articles in the jeweler's line, on all of which we guarantee the best quality at lowest prices.

L. & A. E. WINANS, Chelsea.



TAKES THE PLACE OF DANGEROUS GASOLINE. GOES IN ANY STOVE.

NO SMOKE, DIRT OR ODOR.

CHEAPER THAN WOOD OR COAL.

WANT AGENTS on

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NATIONAL OIL BURNER CO.

602 CEDAR AVE.

CLEVELAND, OHIO.

THE CHELSEA HERALD.

A. ALLISON, Editor and Proprietor.

CHELSEA. MICHIGAN.

THE NEWS.

Compiled From Late Dispatches.

DOMESTIC.

THE Rocky Mountain savings bank at Denver closed its doors with liabilities of \$60,000.

PEORIA, Ill., has been decided on as the permanent headquarters of the Order of Railway Telegraphers.

The secret service gave warning of a new photographic counterfeit five-dollar national bank note, First national bank of Flint, Mich., series of 1882.

A. E. KELLEY, a commission dealer, shot and killed himself at the grave of his wife in Cleveland, O.

A DISPATCH received at the war department from Gen. Coppinger at Jackson's Hole, Wyo., said the Indian scouts were still out and could find no Indians, and that all was quiet.

THE Italian miners at Spring Valley, Ill., drove the negroes from the town. Women with three and four children running after them were driven over the hills and through the woods, many shots being fired after them as they fled. The governor was appealed to for aid, and negroes in Chicago and other cities were arming themselves with a view of going to Spring Valley to avenge the outrage inflicted on their race.

THE reports as to the condition of crops throughout the country made by the directors of the different state weather bureaus were favorable.

ELI HIX, a laborer at Bigstone Gap, Va., while drunk set fire to his home and he and four of his children were cremated.

THE G. Y. Roots Flour company in Cincinnati failed for \$100,000.

JOHN GREER and Henry Greer, cousins, of Carter county, Tenn., fought with knives over the ill-treatment of the latter's child and both were killed.

THE twenty-seventh reunion of the Society of the Army of the Tennessee will be held in Cincinnati Monday and Tuesday, September 16 and 17, 1895.

JOE HAMILTON and Clarence Chapman, of Lonoce county, Ark., cut each other to death with pocketknives because they could not agree as to which owned a bull.

JUDGE GOFF in the South Carolina registration case dismissed the complainant's bill for an injunction. This decision upholds the present registration laws.

THE school census of Nashville, Tenn., shows the population to be 82,874, of which 37,654 are negroes, an increase in one year of 8,268.

The president appointed Parton E. Burton, of Washington state, to be United States district attorney for the district of Alaska.

THE annual meeting of the Catholic Total Abstinence union of America commenced in New York.

TWELVE persons were reported killed and twenty-five wounded in a wreck on the Atlantic & Pacific railroad at Grant Station, N. M.

BLACK rust was said to be ruining hundreds of fields of spring wheat in Logan, Trego and Thomas counties in Kansas.

At the national convention in Lima, O., of the Union Veterans union L. F. Ellis, of Cleveland, was elected commander in chief.

MINERS in mass meeting rescinded a resolution expelling all negroes from Spring Valley, Ill.

THE total cost of the eleventh census up to date is placed at \$10,531,142. The work will be completed during the calendar year.

THE old established book and stationery house of B. F. Wade & Co. failed at Toledo, O.

IN a pacing race at Buffalo, N. Y., Joe Patchen defeated Robert J., taking three out of four heats. The best time was 2:04½.

A PIAZZA on the Seaview hotel at a summer resort near Portsmouth, N. H., collapsed while 100 persons were upon it, and many were injured.

E. A. SMITH, a barber, dropped dead at Jacksonville, Fla. Since his death it has developed that he was married to seven women.

REPORTS received at the state department in Washington from the United States consul at Victoria, B. C., were that the seals in Behring sea were practically exterminated.

FIRE at Pendleton, Ore., consumed the Transfer hotel and several buildings and four persons lost their lives.

C. F. & G. W. EDDY, commission merchants of Boston, failed for over \$1,000,000. They overspeculated on corn in Chicago.

THE Merchants' national bank of Rome, Ga., which suspended payment April 27, 1895, was authorized to resume business.

HELIOPHOTOGRAPH communications were exchanged between the summit of Pike's Peak and army headquarters in Denver, a distance of 60 miles.

REV. E. C. WHEELER, a Baptist evangelist, who had been in California with his car Emanuel, was killed in a railway wreck near Denver, Col. Several other persons were hurt.

THE United Typothetae in session at Minneapolis elected E. R. Andrews, of Rochester, N. Y., president and decided to meet in Rochester in August, 1896.

REPORTS to the post office department for the three months ended August 1 show that the total receipts at the twenty largest post offices in the country were \$6,794,000, an increase of \$499,000 over the corresponding quarter in 1894.

MRS. HENRY JOHNSON and her three children were struck by an engine at a railway crossing in Decatur, Ind., and one child was instantly killed and the others were fatally injured.

IN a head-on collision at Plymouth, N. H., between the cannon ball express and a freight train, Engineer Frank Stevens and Firemen George S. Merrill and W. H. Glines were instantly killed.

THE exchanges at the leading clearing houses in the United States during the week ended on the 9th aggregated \$976,032,215, against \$915,847,689 the previous week. The increase, compared with the corresponding week in 1894, was 25.9.

THE total equalized assessed valuation of the state of Iowa is \$558,985,292.

THE foundry and pattern house of the Knowles steam pump works at Warren, Mass., were burned, the loss being \$173,000.

THERE were 225 business failures in the United States in the seven days ended on the 9th, against 261 the week previous and 264 in the corresponding time in 1894.

MATTSON & MAGEE, wholesale grocers in Philadelphia, failed for \$100,000.

BUSINESS continued unusually active throughout the country for midsummer and, though there was perceptible relaxation, there were no signs of reaction.

A HORSE became frightened and plunged off of a 30-foot embankment near Decatur, Ind., and three prominent society women, Mrs. Mangold, Mrs. J. C. Paterson and her mother, Mrs. Erwin, were fatally injured.

REMONT SMITH was hanged in San Quentin prison, California, for the murder of two fishing companions.

C. C. CLARK was appointed receiver of the Lockwood Manufacturing company at South Norwalk, Conn. The liabilities were \$280,000.

A BIG Newfoundland dog capsized a boat on the lake at Highland Park, Ill., and M. T. Green, president of the Chicago Lumber company, and Son Sorson were drowned.

THE Bank of Palouse, at Palouse City, Wash., closed its doors with liabilities of \$65,000.

MRS. HELEN C. STEWART, of Springfield, Mo., was appointed sheriff of Green county, to succeed her deceased husband. Mrs. Stewart, as far as is known, is the first woman sheriff in the United States.

SEVEN persons were killed in New York city by the collapse of a new building on Broadway.

ARTHUR and C. J. Johnson (brothers) and A. C. Anderson were killed by lightning, near Odebolt, Ia. They had taken refuge under a tree during a storm.

WILLIAM HASSON, Martin Ervin and William Stanley were killed in a trolley car and railroad accident in Philadelphia.

JOHN BUCHANAN, a mill-worker at Pittsburgh, Pa., killed himself after fatally injuring his mother. His wife was missing and it was thought he had killed her.

FIRE in the lumber piles of the Skillings, Whitney & Barnes Co. at Ogdensburg, N. Y., destroyed property valued at \$150,000.

By her will Mrs. T. DeWitt Talmage left \$166,000. Her husband is the sole legatee.

THIEVES entered the Connecticut state prison at Wethersfield and got away with articles valued at \$1,500.

DR. LAWRENCE ANDERSON, aged 54 years, one of the best-known veterinary surgeons in the west, committed suicide at Cincinnati because of failing eyesight.

AT the national bicycle meet in Chicago Eddie Bold, of Buffalo, N. Y., made a mile in 1:58½, a new world's record.

PERSONAL AND POLITICAL.

IN state convention at Marshalltown the Iowa democrats nominated the following ticket: For governor, Judge W. I. Babb, of Mount Pleasant; lieutenant governor, S. L. Bestow, of Chariton; superintendent of public instruction, Lyman B. Parshall, of Maquoketa; railroad commissioner, Col. George James, of Dubuque; supreme judge, Senator Thomas G. Harper, of Des Moines. The platform reaffirms the national platform of 1892, indorsing the money plank therein adopted, urges the repeal of the mullet law and the enactment of a local option measure, favors the election of United States senators by a direct vote of the people and favors just and liberal pensions to all deserving veterans.

THE democrats of Missouri in convention at Pottawatomie committed the party to the principle of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1.

CHARLES FOSTER, the oldest living American playwright, died in New York.

NEBRASKA republicans will hold their state convention at Lincoln, October 2.

THE Mississippi democrats in convention at Jackson nominated A. J. McLaurin for governor.

THE funeral of Mrs. Susan W. Tammage, wife of the noted preacher, took place in Brooklyn.

GEORGE FREDERIC Root, of Chicago, who composed a score of the most stirring war songs and sweetest love ballads which Americans have ever sung, died at his summer home on Bailey's island, in Maine, in his 75th year.

JOHN HODGE, ex-grand master of masons of the state of New York, dropped dead at his home in Lockport, aged 53 years.

Mrs. P. T. BARNUM, widow of the great showman, was married to Dimitri Callias, a Grecian general, who resides in New York.

PETER SURPRISE celebrated his 102d birthday at his home in Lowell, Ind.

THE death of Assistant United States District Attorney William Haight occurred at Los Angeles, Cal. He was for many years in the department of justice at Washington.

HOWELL EDMUND JACKSON, associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, died at his residence at West Meade, Tenn., of consumption, in the 64th year of his age.

S. WHITE PAYNE, a well-known composer of church music, died in Rochester, N. Y., aged 80 years.

MRS. CATHERINE JUDGE died at Renova, Pa., at the age of 106 years. She was born in Ireland. Her husband died fifty years ago.

MRS. MARY WINNS died at Cincinnati, aged 108 years.

MRS. KEDZIE PIERCE, who had formerly been a slave in Virginia, died at the Alpha home in Indianapolis at the age of 123 years.

FOREIGN.

THE City of Melbourne bank at Melbourne, Australia, closed its doors.

IN a battle near Bayamo, Cuba, the Spaniards lost 378 men and the insurgents fourteen. Reports confirmed the formation of a provisional government in the valley of the Yara with Gen. Masso as president.

THE Spanish government was prepared to dispatch 100,000 troops to Cuba if necessary, and said that the rebellion would be crushed before the end of the year.

THERE will be no prize-fighting allowed in any part of Mexico. This edict was issued by President Diaz.

THE British ship Prince Oscar, from Liverpool, collided in midocean with an unknown sailing vessel and both sank in less than ten minutes. Six members of the crew of the Prince Oscar and all on board the unknown vessel were lost.

THE British steamer Catterthun, which sailed from Hong Kong May 27 for Australia ports, was wrecked near Sidney, N. S. W., and sixty lives were lost.

A MOB looted the American mission chapel at Inghok, China.

THE increase of British exports to America for the last six months amounts to £5,326,673 over 1894, while the imports decreased £2,900,179 for the same period.

ADVICES from Tarsus, Asia Minor, say that a mob attacked the American school at that place, maltreated several of the students and threatened the missionaries.

AMERICAN missionaries in Japan reported that the germs of cholera were scattered throughout the empire.

LATER.

THE Hawaii legislature adopted a resolution that the republic of Hawaii hereby declare anew their fealty to the policy of the annexation of this country to the United States of America.

VICE PRESIDENT STEVENSON and party sailed from Tacoma, Wash., for Alaska on the steamer Queen.

DR. J. H. WHITEFORD, a prominent physician at Wilmot, S. D., while laboring under a temporary aberration of mind shot and killed his wife and then fatally shot himself.

FIERCE forest fires were raging in the state of Washington and scores of farmers had lost all they possessed.

WILLIAM P. TAYLOR and his brother George were sentenced at Carrollton, Mo., to hang October 4 for the murder of the Meeks family.

A LARGE part of the business section and several houses at Lockport, Ill., were burned, the loss being \$200,000.

A FREIGHT train went through a bridge near Bainbridge, O., and conductor George Henry, Engineer Clint Radcliff, Elmer Hauser and Brake man Thomas Byers were killed.

FIRE in the plant of the Central Stamping company at Newark, N. J., caused a loss of \$500,000.

DURING a windstorm in Baltimore, Md., many houses were unroofed, trees uprooted, windows smashed and other damage done.

BABY STEWART is dead, the eleventh victim of the massacre of missionaries by the Chinese at Hwangas.

A TORNADO of wind, hail and rain struck Rensselaer, Ind., and at least fifty dwellings were wholly or partially ruined.

A. W. HESUTIE, of Crown Point, N. Y., and Miss Helen B. Randall, of Oneida, were killed by the cars near Oneida. They were soon to be married.

A BOILER in a sawmill at Monticello, Fla., exploded, killing Allen Brooks, Prince Hall and Amos Cross.

MR. and Mrs. Joseph Manuel, aged 112 and 97 respectively, celebrated their seventy-fifth wedding anniversary at Cape Porpoise, Me.

THE fertilizer factory of Joshua Horner Jr. & Co. was burned at Baltimore, Md. Loss, \$100,000.

THE percentages of the baseball clubs in the National league for the week ended on the 10th were: Cleveland, .606; Pittsburgh, .606; Baltimore, .588; Boston, .570; Cincinnati, .563; Chicago, .558; Philadelphia, .535; New York, .529; Brooklyn, .517; Washington, .546; St. Louis, .515; Louisville, .503.

WESTERN association:

CLUBS Won Lost Per Cent.

Indianapolis... 53 33 .616

St. Paul... 53 35 .602

Kansas City... 51 36 .586

Minneapolis... 45 35 .568

Milwaukee... 45 44 .506

Detroit... 42 42 .500

Terr. Haute... 32 55 .508

Grand Rapids... 29 61 .315

Western league:

CLUBS Won Lost Per Cent.

Pittsburgh... 53 29 .646

Lincoln... 49 31 .613

Des Moines... 46 35 .568

Quincy... 41 41 .500

THE SWEETIN' APPLE TREE.

That high-top sweetin' user stand
Right on our way to school;
Stood there to coax us boys to break
Command and golden rule.

Part of the tree wuz 'hind the wall,
Part 'truded on the road.
An' hung them sweetin' apples out
Our appetites to goad.

If any boy could pass that tree
He must let fly a stick.
He must ha' been a angel boy,
Or else a boy that's sick.

Or Deacon Jinkings user say:
"Tis curst unto me
Why all them sticks an' stuns, an' clubs
Should k'lect beneath that tree."

On high-top sweetin' apple tree!
School days when we were young!
Them very words bring smiles an' tears
When slippin' off the tongue.

Where air them keebless barefoot boys
That clubbed that tree with me?
They're layin' low to shoot them boys
As club our sweetin' tree.

Boston Transcript.

THE ADJUTANT'S GRAVE.

It was at the taking of Rangoon.

From the Irrawaddi the crashing
batteries of a dozen steam frigates had
leveled the stockades on the river side.

Black masses of naked, smoke-stained

Burmese, exposed at their guns or in

shallow trenches, when the teak walls

were burned, were mowed down

like grass by a hailstorm of grape

Our artillery was landing. The

Eighteenth Royal Irish were already

in the breaches and at the water gate.

The Burmese dropped their cumbersome

shields and lances and dhars and fled,

rolling, back toward the great pagoda.

Those wild Irish, possessed of the same

devil that dashed and slashed and

stabbed and hacked and hurried in

the Empress killers at Waterloo, went

in hot chase. Only one regiment!

for they would not wait for the slow

boats that were bringing the guns,

and the Eighteenth and the Sepoys

Rifles, but broke away in pursuit, in

spite of the almost frantic officers,

who, weak and hoarse with ineffectual

efforts to check their mad command,

were forced to follow at last, all chasing

the bubble reputation together—

one regiment, at the heels of ten thousand

panic-stricken savages!

One of the glorious fellows of the

reckless Eighteenth in this tempestuous

hurly-burley was Fallon, the adjutant;

he was the equipped model of a gentleman

and a soldier, according to the

standard of his proud regiment; a

joyful boon companion, generous comrade,

fast friend, frank and fearless

enemy; in sport a child, in taste a

scholar, impetuous in fight, pitiful in

victory.

As his disordered party charged,

shouting, up the broad Dagon road, between

the long lines of the inner stockade,

over bamboo bridges thrown across

trenches, and past grim, gigantic idols

and ponghee houses fantastically

carved, the adjutant who had lingered

behind the rest, striving to the last, in

his habitual devotion to discipline, to

restrain the men, happened to be in

the rear of all.

"How now?" jestingly cried Clark,

an English ensign of the adjutant's

mess, who was running just before

him, "our plucky Fallon at the back

of us all! This is bad enough for me,

old fellow, who have my medals to

win; but it will never do for you, with

those red ribbons to answer for."

"I am doing my best, Clark, my

boy," Fallon replied, "and shall be up

with that crazy sergeant presently.

You know I am good for a short brush

of foot race; fast running is one of my

accomplishments—thanks to my bog-trotting

education and the practice

Lord Gough gave us."

Hardly were the words done ringing

in his comrade's ears when the gallant

Fallon, the pride of his corps, received

in his generous breast a dozen musket

balls, as he sprang up the broad staircase

of the Golden Dragon pagoda—

first of them all, and quite alone. He

fell on his face, stone dead, on the

stairs, sword in hand, and smiling.

When all was over, and his regiment

held the post of honor on the very

throne of the Booth, they gave him a

soldier's most distinguished obsequies,

burying him in a grove of talipot trees,

behind a ponghee house of the most

grotesque architecture, and just

outside of what were afterward the

Sepoy lines of the Eighteenth. His faith-

ful orderly planted a rude cross at his

grave's head and set an English white

rose there. An American missionary

gave it to him.

In Calcutta Norah Fallon—beautiful,

accomplished, witty, altogether ra-

diant with rare charms of mind and

person—waited with her young child

for news from her soldier husband, who

had his heart in his keeping within

the stockades of Rangoon. When they

told her he was dead, she fell, uttering

a sharp cry, and lay as one dead

for many days. But when she awoke

to the consciousness of her pro-

mound bereavement, and her eternal

widowhood, she shed not a tear nor

spoke a word, but took her boy and

went aboard a troopship that sailed

on the morrow for Rangoon.

On the voyage still she spoke not,

nor ever wept; the silence of her sor-

row had something sacred, almost aw-

ful, about it, that commanded a del-

ight of consideration, which was a

sort of worship, from the rudest about

Arrived at Rangoon, no sooner had

the ship dropped anchor off the king's

wharf than Norah sent her chaprasse,

her Hindoo errand goer, with a note to

Gen.

Godwin, commanding the company's forces in Burmah: "The wife of Maurice Fallon, adjutant in the Eighteenth of her majesty's Royal Irish, would be permitted to see her husband's grave; she awaits the expression of the general's wishes on board the Mahanuddy."

She waited long. At last the answer came:

"It was with unfeigned sorrow that Lieut. Gen. Godwin found himself constrained, by the exigencies of his position, to refuse the widow of one of his best officers, whose loss was felt by the whole Anglo-Indian army, the sad privilege of visiting the spot where his comrades consigned him to a brave soldier's grave. But the general's footing in Rangoon was precarious; hourly apprehensions of attack by a strong body of the enemy were entertained.

"It was known that a Burmah chief was approaching with a numerous and well-armed force, and had already arrived in the neighborhood of Kemmen-dine. Therefore, for the present, the lieutenant general must forbid the landing of his countrywoman from the shipping on any pretext. He hoped to be forgiven by the dear lady, whose grief he humbly asked to be permitted to share; but in this case he was not left in the exercise of the least discretion. Such were the regulations."

When Norah Fallon had read these lines she retired to her cabin in silence and was not seen again that day. On the next she was observed in frequent and eager conference, in whispered Hindoo-stanee, with an old and faithful bearer, gray-bearded, and of grave and dignified demeanor, who had long been in the confidence of her husband—indeed, a sort of humble but fatherly guardian to the young, inexperienced and perhaps imprudent pair, who, with their darling between them, were all in all to each other, and heedless of all beside.

The old Hindoo had formerly lived several years at Prome, whither he had gone in the capacity of bearer to an English commissioner; he therefore knew the Burmese character well, and could speak the language with tolerable fluency.

There were many "friendly" Burmese at Rangoon at this time, deserters from Dallah, shrewd fellows who had foreseen safety in British ascendancy, and, being mostly fishermen, had offered themselves for "Inglee" muskets for the nonce, with a sharp eye to profitable nets thereafter. Indeed, not a few of these calculating traitors had taken to their old trade already, and were busy plying their poles and hooks from crazy canoes at the mouth of Kemmen-dine creek. It was not long before some of them, hailed by old Buxsoo, the bearer, came alongside with, as he said, fish for the Mem Sahib, his mistress. On these occasions he conversed with them in Burmese, and whoever watched narrowly the astonished and anxious faces of the fishermen must have observed that neither the freshness nor the price of their funny prizes formed any part of the discussion.

It was a dark night, no moon and a cloudy sky; all hands had gone below and "turned in" some hours since. The officer of the deck, night-glass in hand, paced the "bridge," or leaned over the rail and watched the lights ashore, while the quartermaster patrolled the gangways. But these were not alone on deck; on the bulwark of the afternoon gun the pale and tearless widow sat, still as a shadow, and peered through the darkness shoreward towards where the Eighteenth's lights gleamed from the Golden Dragon. Such was her night-wont, and officers and men had become so accustomed to it that she sometimes sat till after midnight, unheeded and forgotten.

The young officer still chased with his eyes the restless lights, and dreamed dreams the while of home and of a sweetheart; the gruff old quartermaster paced up and down, and thought of prize-money and the "old woman." Neither had eye nor thought for the poor lady, they were so used to her lonesome ways, dy'e see, else they might have found something unusual in the anxiety with which she watched the singular object in the water astern—only an empty canoe drifting toward the ship! Not drifting, either; for now that I point them out to you, you can see two black heads, with long hair twisted in a barbaric knot behind, peering warily above the water in front of the boat, which seems to follow them.

The love-lorn youngster, or the gruff old quartermaster on prize money intent, did look toward the bulwark a little later, and saw nothing: the lady was gone. Whither? To her cabin? No; she could not have passed them unobserved. But that was easy to decide; her light still burned; her state room was open and unoccupied. Where then was she? Good heavens! It could not be; and yet it must—poor lady! Poor baby! They gave the alarm; they roused the ship; a gun was fired; a search was made, in vain; alas! it must be so. "She has gone to join her husband."

True but not that way, gruff old quartermaster's mate. Stop thinking about her; have ears and brains for your duty. What was that shot on shore? And, hark, now! another, and another, and another! the alarm is given in the British lines; the sentries have discharged their pieces and run in! See! the place is all ablaze with lights; every ponghee house is illuminated; you can discern the great porch of the Golden Dragon, with its Griffin warders, from here. They are

beating to arms; the trumpet sounds the "assembly." What could that first and solitary shot have been?

Ah! my nautical friends, while your sapient pates were busy guessing, that pair of barbaric black heads have drifted under the stern again, and the same canoe has drifted with them—not empty this time; for, look again, and you will see that her light is no longer burning, and her stateroom door is closed, though the window is open; and—yes, you do hear her breathing. Wait! spare your heads the guessing; wait till you dare to ask Norah Fallon why she makes so much of that withered white rose.

Gen. Godwin's next dispatch to the governor general contained a curious passage: "On the night of the 15th the cantonments were thrown into disorder by a false alarm, caused by the mysterious discharge of a pistol in the talipot grove, which inclosed the grave of the late Adj't Fallon, who fell gloriously in the attack of the Dragon pagoda; the spot is close to the Sepoy lines of H. M. Eightieth. My men maintained good order, answering the assembly call with remarkable celerity, and in complete equipment.

"At daybreak a Sepoy of Maj. Ainslie's picket found a dead boa of great size, evidently just killed, lying across young Fallon's grave; also, suspended to the cross by a ribbon, a gold locket containing two locks of hair—the lady's and a child's; and fastened to the cross by short Burmese pouiard through the paper inclosure, marked X."

Inclosure X contained the following: "There are no 'Regulations' for the heart of an Irish soldier's wife."—Romance.

COURSHIP IN ARCADY.

The Muskrat, the Bluebird and the Peacock in Love.

Across the creek, the clayey bank, a colony of muskrats had made their burrows, and, before it became too dark, I had the pleasure of witnessing a muskrat courtship. The male, swelling his neck and striking the ground with his flattened tail, slowly approached the female, walking sideways with a stiff, affected gait. He kept up a low murmuring monologue all the while, every now and then accentuating his speech with shrill squeaks and guttural grunts. The female seemed coy, and several times repulsed his advances, chasing him several feet away from the burrow, and then returning to the entrance, where she would resume her crouching posture until again put on the defensive by his overtures and caresses. They kept this up for some time.

The courting of the bluebirds is a charming spring idyl. The little lover will perch a few inches away from his enslaver, and attempt to bewitch her with the witchery of his song. His low, soft warble is a delicious bit of love pleading, and ought to soften the most obdurate heart; but the female is coy and flouts him. He then comes nearer, and, slightly elevating his wings, bows in front of her, all the while pleading in an impassioned manner. He then erects himself, puffs out

The Most Beautiful

Teeth in This Town

Testify to the merits of Oriental Tooth Powder. The best tooth powder made from every point of view. Sold only by us.

We Are Here

To please our customers, and we have the goods and prices to do it with.

The only sure remedy for sunburn and tan is CREAM OF LILACS, only 10 cents per bottle. We have it.

If you will let us quote you prices on GROCERIES. We will make you our steady customer. We can save you money. Try us.

The only place to buy Fruit Jars is at our store. We sell the BEST there is made.

How do you like our Headache Powders? Remember they are warranted to cure or no pay.

R. S. ARMSTRONG & CO.

For SAFETY and to DRAW INTEREST,

Deposit your Money in the
Chelsea Savings Bank.

Spar Bank.

Its Money is protected from fire and burglaries by the best screw door, electrical alarm, burglar proof vault-safe made.

W. J. Knapp, Pres. Thos. S. Sears, Vice-Pres. Geo. P. Glazier, Cashier.

The Cheapest Place

To Buy Groceries is at

Farrell's Cash Store.

JOHN FARRELL.

Hier wird Deutsch gesprochen.

Good Things to Eat

At the Central Market.

We are always prepared to serve our customers with the BEST IN THE MARKET, in the line of fresh and salt meats, Poultry, Sausage, etc., at LOWEST PRICES. We are always supplied with the Bacon and Hams for which the Central Market is famous.

ADAM EPPLER.

Highest market price paid for hides and tallow.



Carriage Shop.

Carriages, Wagons and all kind of Farm Implements Repaired in a first-class manner on short notice. Shop in rear of Hirth & Lehman's blacksmith shop

W. H. QUINN,
CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

BIG PROFITS

ON
Small Investments.

Returning prosperity will make many rich, but nowhere can they make so much within a short time as by successful Speculation in Grain, Provisions and Stock.

\$10.00 For each dollar invested can be made by our Systematic Plan of Speculation

originated by us. All successful speculators operate on a regular system. It is a well-known fact that there are thousands of men in all parts of the United States who, by a systematic trading through Chicago brokers, make large amounts every year, ranging from a few thousand dollars for the man who invests a hundred or two hundred dollars up to \$50,000 to \$100,000 or more by those who invest a few thousand.

It is also a fact that those who make the largest profits from comparatively small investments on this plan are persons who live away from Chicago and invest through brokers who thoroughly understand systematic trading.

Our plan does not risk the whole amount invested on any trade, but covers both sides, so that whether the market rises or falls it brings a steady profit that piles up enormously in a short time.

WRITE FOR CONVINCING PROOFS, also our Manual on successful speculation and our Daily Market Report, full of money-making pointers. ALL FREE. Our Manual explains margin trading fully. Highest references in regard to our standing and success.

For further information address

THOMAS & CO., Bankers and Brokers,
241-242 Rialto Building, CHICAGO, ILL.

Chelsea and Vicinity.

Another welcome rain Sunday. Last Saturday was probably the hottest day of the season.

Dr. H. W. Schmidt spent a few days in Ludington last week.

Mrs. Nellie Adams, of Detroit, visited friends here this week.

Mrs. Lucy Stephens is visiting relatives at Waterloo and Unadilla.

Albert Hindelang is visiting relatives in Battle Creek this week.

Mrs. C. M. Pullen, of Dansville, visited friends here the past week.

The Glazier Stove Co. expect to start their foundry next Saturday.

Miss Ethel Hartson, of Eaton Rapids, is the guest of the Misses Klein.

John McLaren, of Plymouth, was in town this week on business.

Miss Mae Wood returned Monday from a ten days' outing at Portage Lake.

Miss Myrtle Neufang, of Reading, was the guest of Mrs. M. Boyd this week.

Mrs. Agnes Benton, of Ann Arbor, was the guest of Mrs. B. Parker last week.

H. S. Holmes is shipping his wool, about 75,000 pounds, to Boston this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Fenn spent a few days at Cavanaugh Lake fore part of this week.

Miss Jessie Walker, of Ann Arbor, is visiting relatives and friends here this week.

Mrs. Wm. Caspary and Mrs. A. Ritz, of Ann Arbor, spent several days in town last week.

Mrs. Jacob Schultz and son spent last week with relatives and friends in Dexter and vicinity.

Mrs. F. R. Dolson and son, of Battle Creek, are spending the week with Mrs. A. M. Spencer.

Kempf & Bacon ship a car load of poultry from Stockbridge and one from Hamburg this week.

Mrs. W. H. Schmidt and son returned home last Saturday from a five weeks' stay at Ludington.

Genial Jas. Burk, of Ann Arbor, was in town last Thursday and took in the sports at Recreation Park.

Mrs. Agnes Bennam and son, of Ann Arbor, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. John Brietenbach, of Lyndon.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Rice, of White Oak, are the guests of their cousins, the Misses Phena and Aggie Stanish.

Messrs. Mark and Abe Wallace, of Ann Arbor, were Chelsea visitors last Thursday, attracted here by the day of sports.

Died, Monday August 12, 1895, the two-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Marshall, of Unadilla. The funeral took place Wednesday.

Our merchants had their places of business handsomely decorated last Tuesday and Wednesday in honor of the Epworth League Convention.

All accounts put the peach crop as a large one this year—in fact the largest in the history of Michigan's peach belt. Apples, pears and plums are also a big crop.

Mrs. Geo. Webster and Mrs. Dallas Webster entertained Miss Mary Smith and her Sunday school class last Friday evening at the home of Mr. Geo. Webster on Jefferson street.

It is against the law to use a net of any kind for any purpose in the inland waters of the state of Michigan. Consequently it is a violation to use a dip net for the purpose of catching minnows. You will find the law in section 19 of the new compilation.

Messrs. Leo Staffan, Edward McKone, Julius Klein, Geo. Staffan, Guy Lightball, B. B. Turnbull, Ranson Day, John Streeter, Henry Heselschmidt, M. A. Shaver, Anthony Neckel, C. Staffan, John Eisenman and Henry Schwickerath spent Sunday at Island Lake.

The following members of Central City Tent, K. O. T. M., of which Hiram A. Hewes was a member, attended his funeral here last Monday: W. C. Wheelock, H. Doody, H. Fitzsimmons, E. J. Heckman, Victor Sorg, R. Copeland, E. R. Reithmiller, F. J. Beaman and J. O. Clark.

There will be no preaching services at the Congregational Church for the next three Sundays, Sept. 8 and 15. Mr. Henry H. Walker, of Andover Seminary, will preach. The pastor, Rev. W. H. Walker, will spend his vacation at Ouekama, Mich., near Manistee. Prayer meetings and Sunday School as usual.

Died, at his home on Orchard street, Saturday, August 10, 1895, Mr. Hiram A. Hewes, aged 48 years. The funeral was held Monday afternoon from the M. E. Church, Rev. C. L. Adams officiating. Chelsea Tent, K. O. T. M., attended the funeral in a body. There were also a number of Sir Knights present from Jackson. The nearest surviving relatives are his wife, two sisters and two brothers.

E. L. Convention.

The Epworth League for this district held their convention here Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. About 125 delegates were present. The following was the program:

TUESDAY AFTERNOON—2:00.

1. Devotional exercises.
2. Addresses of welcome—Rev. C. L. Adams, C. Leroy Hill.
3. Responses—L. P. Davis, presiding elder; Frank L. Parker, district president.
4. Paper—"The Relation of the Epworth League to the Church." S. Milo Dole, Adrian.

5. Paper—"The Optimistic League Worker," Miss Sara Whedon, Ann Arbor.

6. Annual reports—Recording Secretary's report, Corresponding Secretary's report, Junior League Superintendent's report, Treasurer's report, report of Chapters by Delegates.
7. Appointment of committees and miscellaneous business.

TUESDAY EVENING—7:30.

1. Song and praise service.
2. Convention sermon—Rev. Edward S. Ninde, Wyandotte, "Watch ye, stand fast in the faith, quit ye like men, be strong." I. Corinthians, 16:13.

3. Reception to delegates. In charge of Mrs. C. L. Adams.
4. WEDNESDAY FORENOON—9:00.

1. Sacrament of our Lord's Supper. In charge of the presiding elder, L. P. Davis. Junior League Department, conducted by Miss Lena Swick, Milan.
2. Paper—"Why have we a Junior League?" Mrs. R. H. Reid, Adrian.

3. Paper—"Our Responsibilities to our Juniors," Miss Hattie Crippin, Ann Arbor.

4. Paper—"Value and Influence of the Junior Pledge," Miss Lena Swick, Milan.
5. General discussion—"Ways of Working in this Department."

6. Election of officers and general business.

WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON—1:30.

1. Devotional services.
2. Paper—"Business Qualifications of Epworth League Officers." Charles Lee son, Manchester.

3. Department of finance. Paper—"The Lord's Corner in the Pocket-book." Webster Pearce, Stony Creek.

4. Social department. Paper—"A Model Social Evening." Grace D. Burnett, Tecumseh.

5. Literary department. Paper—"The Brains of the League, What are They Doing?" J. H. Van Tassel, Ann Arbor.

6. Mercy and help department. Paper—"The League as a Good Samaritan." Mrs. Wm. Clark, Springville.

7. Spiritual department. Paper—"Possibilities, or what we may do if we will." Mrs. W. J. Balmer, Dundee.

8. Question Drawer—Conducted by D. H. Ramsell, Clinton.
9. Report of committees.

10. Unfinished business.

WEDNESDAY EVENING—7:30.

1. Song and praise service.
2. Platform meeting.

3. Consecration service.

Council Proceedings.

[OFFICIAL]

Chelsea, July 5, 1895.

Board met in council room.

Meeting called to order by President.

Roll call by Clerk.

Trustees Present—Glazier, Pierce, Schenk, and Riemschneider.

Trustee absent—Mensing and Foster.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved.

The following bills were presented:

A. C. Pierce, salary for the month of June \$30.00

E. A. Williams, assessment and 2 days Board of Review 44.00

Moved and supported that the above bills be allowed and order drawn for the same.

Ayes—Schenk, Riemschneider, Glazier and Pierce.

Nays—None.

Moved by Glazier, supported by Schenk, that the assessment roll be accepted as presented and turned over to the Treasurer for collection.

Ayes—Schenk, Riemschneider, Glazier and Pierce.

Nays—None.

Moved and supported that we adjourn. Carried.

G. W. BECKWITH, President.

FRED W. ROEDEL, Clerk.

To Let.

One hundred Shropshire rams to let just for their keeping, to men that will give them a square deal.

2 CHAS THOMPSON, Dexter.

Karl's Clover Root will purify your Blood, clear your Complexion, regulate your Bowels and makes your head clear as a bell. 25c., 50c., and \$1.00. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

FREEMAN'S.

TABLE SUPPLIES

We Offer for

Friday

and

Saturday

An extra choice lot of

Fruits & Vegetables

100 large sweet NUTMEG MELONS; delicious fruit, ripe and sound.

50 choice WATERMELONS.

5 bushels nice ripe PEACHES.

2 bushels large ripe TOMATOES.

10 dozen Mammoth WHITE PLUME CELERY.

5 baskets CONCORD GRAPES.

For Prices
and
Quality
Go to

Freemans

J.C. Twitchell

PHYSICIAN

AND

SURGEON.

Office in Hatch & Durand building

Dr. W. A.

Announcement.

We have bought the entire Shoe Stock (men's excepted) of Mr. R. A. Snyder at a great discount, for **CASH**. We had the money and he had the shoes. We shall place them all on sale at Three Prices:

At \$1.25.

Every pair of Women's, Boys', Misses' and Child's marked from \$1.25 to \$2.00.

At \$1.50.

Every pair of Shoes marked \$2.25 or \$2.50.

At \$1.98.

The cream of the Entire Stock, worth \$2.75 and \$3.00.

One lot of Infant's Shoes at 25 cents,

Were 50 cents.

One lot of Children's Shoes at 50 cents,

Were 75 cents and \$1.00.

One lot of Children's Shoes at 75 cents,

Were \$1.00 and \$1.25.

Yours, etc.,

H. S. HOLMES MERCANTILE COMPANY.

BACHELOR PANTS.

We've a lot that are trying the single blessedness plan. We will

Marry Them To You CHEAP.

GEO. WEBSTER, Mer. Tailor

THE PEOPLE SAY

The Reason Is

We employ skilled hands in every department, and guarantee satisfaction.

Goods called for and delivered free of charge.

CHELSEA STEAM LAUNDRY

That our work is thoroughly washed, nicely starched, and beautifully ironed.

200,000 WEAK MEN CURED!

STARTLING FACTS FOR DISEASED VICTIMS.

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY!

ARE YOU? Nervous and dependent; weak or debilitated; tired mornings; no ambition—laid low; memory poor; easily fatigued; excitable and irritable; losses; restless; haggard looking; weak back; bone pain; hair loose; ulcers; sore throat; varicose; deposit in urine and drools at stool; di tristis; want of confidence; lack of energy; and strength—**WE CAN CURE YOU!**

RESTORED TO MANHOOD BY DR. K. & K.

JOHN A. MANLIN, JOHN A. MANLIN, CHAR. POWERS, CHAS. POWERS.



BEFORE TREATMENT. AFTER TREATMENT. BEFORE TREATMENT. AGAIN TREATMENT.

NO NAMES OR TESTIMONIALS USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT.

VARICOCELE, EMISSIONS AND IMPOTENCY CURED.

John A. Manlin says: "I was one of the countless victims of early ignorance commencing at 15 years of age. I tried seven medical firms and spent \$800 without avail. I gave up in despair. The urines on my system were weakening my intellect as well as my sexual and physical life. My brother advised me as a last resort to consult Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. I commenced their New Method Treatment and in a few weeks was a new man, with new life and ambition. This was four years ago, and now I am married and happy. I recommend these reliable specialists to all my afflicted fellowmen."

CURES GUARANTEED OR NO PAY.—CONFIDENTIAL.

"The vices of early boyhood laid the foundation of my ruin. Later on a "gay life" and exposure to blood diseases completed the wreck. I had all the symptoms of Nervous Debility—sunken eyes, emissions, dropsy in urine, nervousness, weak back, etc. Syphilis caused my hair to fall out, bone pains, ulcers in mouth and on tongue, blots on body, etc. I thank God I tried Drs. Kennedy & Kergan. They restored me to health, vigor and happiness." CHAS. POWERS.

We treat and cure Varicocele, Emissions, Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Gleet, Stricture, Syphilis, Unnatural Discharges, Self Abuse, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

17 YEARS IN DETROIT. 200,000 CURED. NO RISK.

READER! Are you a victim? Have you lost hope? Are you contemplating marriage? Has your blood been diseased? Have you any weakness? Our New Method Treatment will cure you. If it has done for others it will do for you. CONSULTATION FREE. No matter who has treated you, write for an honest opinion. Free Consultation. Charges reasonable. BOOKS FREE—*"The Golden Monitor"* (Illustrated), on Disease of Men. Inclose postage, 2 cents. Sealed.

NO NAMES USED WITHOUT WRITTEN CONSENT. PRIVATE. No medicine sent. No names on boxes or envelopes. Everything confidential. Question list and cost of treatment, FREE.

DRS. KENNEDY & KERGAN, No. 148 SHELBY ST., DETROIT, MICH.

Here and There.

The lawns all look green after the rains. Jacob Schultz was a Dexter visitor last Sunday.

The Chelsea fair will be held Oct. 2, 3 and 4, 1895.

Elmer Smith spent a part of last week here with relatives.

Miss Lena Cady, of Ithaca, is the guest of Chelsea friends.

P. J. Lehman and family, of Ann Arbor, spent Thursday in town.

A watch and a man to be any good must have some "go" to them.

Michigan has a foreign population equal to one-fourth the entire number.

Mrs. Theodore Swartout was called to Ovid Monday by the severe illness of her father.

Miss Alice Mullen spent last week at Ann Arbor attending the Teachers' Institute.

Messrs. L. C. Hurd and J. W. Frink, of Jackson, are the guests of Harvey Seney, of Lima.

Have you sampled those Princess Kisses at Beissel & Staffan's? They're sweeter than honey.

Miss Louisa Foran, of Detroit, is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. M. Foran, for an indefinite stay.

St. John's Church society, of Freedom, are trying to purchase Wm. Beuerle's residence for a parsonage.

The pear crop of the state will be the largest ever known, and it is said to be equally prolific in other states.

The Philadelphia Times wants to bet that, no matter what comes, the head of the New Woman will be found resting on a man's shoulder.

The ladies of St. Mary's parish will hold an ice cream social at the Town Hall on Saturday, Aug. 17, 1895, from 6 to 11 p.m. All are cordially invited.

The barn and all its contents belonging to John Webb, three miles south of Gregory, was recently destroyed by fire. Also the threshing machine of Richmond Bros. The origin of the fire is a mystery.

The horses in the United States were valued at \$976,000,000 in 1890. This year they are valued at only \$574,000,000, notwithstanding there are over a million more horses now than five years ago.

The wool clip of this country for 1895 has fallen off just one hundred million pounds, a net loss, at 1892 prices, of \$20,000,000. The foreign wool brought into this country for year ending June 30 amounted to two hundred and six million pounds at an estimated cost in gold of twenty eight million dollars.

The Adrian Press says: "At Chelsea Thursday there was a gathering of the tribes of Washtenaw. The young braves engaged in bicycle and foot races. The horse race and the human race also formed interesting features of the day." That's what they did. Brother Stearns, over 2,000 strong, and a more pleasant day was never spent in Chelsea.

The best advertising to be had is liberal space in a good local newspaper. Our merchants need not expect bad advertising to pay. Hotel registers, cards, maps and pictures, to be hung up in the postoffice or depot, pamphlets, booklets, livery stable registers, paper bags and wrapping paper advertisements, and like schemes, are of little value, and cost like fury. Probably one person in one hundred looks at such ads. We don't believe any traveling man ever looks at the cards in the hotel registers, and supposing he does, he is a seller, not a buyer.

The spread of contagious diseases in fruit trees has led the legislatures of most states to pass laws to exterminate them. We have had laws in our state against the spread of contagious diseases in fruit trees for a number of years, but the legislature of 1893 amended the law so as to make it more effectual, and included "Black Knot." It provides that township boards where the diseases exist shall appoint three commissioners, whose duty it is to examine and see that all diseased trees are destroyed. And it makes it a misdemeanor with a heavy fine or imprisonment in the county jail, or both, if the trees are not destroyed in ten days after notice is given by any one of the commissioners. Black Knot is easily distinguished by black ugly looking knots upon the branches and sometimes upon the bodies of plum and cherry trees. If bad, the only way is to destroy the trees, but if not, the diseased branches may be cut out and the tree saved for a few years at least. But in all cases the diseased trees and branches must be burned. The commissioners have to look to "Yellows" in peach trees as well as all other contagious diseases, and it should be the aim of all raisers of fruit to inspect their trees thoroughly and see that they are kept free from these diseases, without being compelled to by the commissioners.

Crop Report.

The estimates in this report are based on more than 800 returns received since August 1.

Wheat is estimated to yield in the southern counties 10.83 bushels; in the central 12.14 bushels, and in the northern 11.48 bushels per acre, the average for the state being 10.91 bushels per acre. One year ago the estimates were for the southern counties 15.67 bushels, for the central counties 15.05 bushels, and for the northern 15.46 bushels, the average for the state being 15.47 bushels. The reports as to quality vary greatly from the same and from adjoining localities, some of the correspondents reporting the quality "good," others "average," and still others "very poor." In the state 265 report the quality "good," 873 "average," and 104 "bad."

The number of bushels of wheat reported marketed in July is 437,804, as compared with 847,972 reported marketed in July, 1894, and the amount marketed in the twelve months, August-July is 11,007,604 bushels as compared with 15,146,278 bushels in the same months last year.

Oats are estimated to yield 22 bushels per acre in the southern counties, 23 in the central, and 17 in the northern, the average for the state being 21.

The average condition of corn is 70 per cent, comparison being with vitality and growth of average years, and potatoes in the state are estimated to yield 70 per cent of an average crop.

The estimated yield of hay per acre is only three-tenths of the yield in average years, and the condition of meadows and pastures is but 31 per cent of condition in average years. Clover sowed this year is nearly an entire failure, the estimates showing condition but 18 per cent of an average.

Apples promise scarcely more than one-fourth of an average crop.

The mean temperature of the state for July was 67.8 degrees, which is about 10 degrees below the normal. It was below the normal in each of the four sections of the state. The mean of the maximum temperature was 80.6 degrees, and the mean of the minimum 54.8 degrees.

The average precipitation in the state during July was 1.28 inches, which was about one-half the normal. The average in the southern four tiers of counties was 1.62 inches as compared with the normal of 2.51 inches. The average rainfall in the central counties was about one-third, and in the northern one-fourth of the normal.

There was practically no rainfall in the lower peninsula before about the middle of the month. Three light rains have since passed over the state, the first occurring on the 15th, the second on the 19th to 21st, and the third on the 27th to 29th. WASHINGTON GARDNER, Secretary of State.

Excursions.

Labor Day, Sept. 2, 1895, Detroit, Mich., one first-class limited fare for round trip Date of sale, Sept. 2, limited to return Sept. 3, 1895.

Labor Day excursion to Detroit, via Michigan Central, under the auspices of the Jackson Trades Council, Monday, Sept. 2, 1895. Train leaves Chelsea at 6:50 a.m. Fare for round trip, \$1.25.

Annual excursion to Petoskey and Traverse City and return, Aug. 28, 1895, via, Michigan Central. Train leaves Chelsea at 9:17 a.m. Fare for round trip \$5.00. Tickets are good for return by any regular train until Sept. 6, inclusive.

A few hundred onion cases for sale. Prices right. C. W. Maroney.

He's Built Just That Way.

A boy can sit on a sleigh six inches square, tied to a sled moving eight miles an hour; couldn't sit still on a sofa five minutes for a dollar. A man will sit on an inch edge of a board and talk politics for three hours; put him in a church pew for forty minutes he gets nervous, twists, turns and goes to sleep. A man will mounch his cheeks with filthy tobacco juice until it runs down his chin, feels good; but a hair in the butter kills him.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 189 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at F. P. Glazier & Co's drug store. Regular size 5c and \$1.00.

Beissel

and

Staffan.

Albion Patent Flour

Always
the
same.

Gives better

satisfaction

than

any Patent

Flour on

the market

For sale only by

**BEISSEL
AND
STAFFAN**

Cash paid for butter and eggs.

Excelsior Bakery,

Chelsea, Mich.

Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies always on hand. First-class Restaurant in connection

28 WM. CASPARTY.

The Parlor Barber Shop,

Chelsea, Mich.

Good work and close attention to business is my motto. With this in view, I hope to secure, at least, part of your patronage.

GEO. EDER, Prop.

FRANK SHAVER,

Proprietor of the

City Barber Shop & Bath Rooms

Babcock building, N. Main St.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN.

FIRE ! FIRE !!

If you want insurance call on Gilbert & Crowell. We represent companies whose gross assets amount to the sum of **\$45,000,000.**

MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route."

Time table taking effect June 16th, 1895

90th MERIDIAN TIME.

Passengers' Trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will leave Chelsea Station as follows:

GOING EAST.

Detroit Night Express 5:10 A. M.

Atlantic Express 7:17 A. M.

Grand Rapids Express 10:35 A. M.

Mail and Express 3:19 P. M.

GOING WEST.

Mail and Express 9:17 A. M.

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NEWSPAPER LAWS.

Any person who takes the paper regularly from the postoffice, whether directed to his name or whether he is subscriber or not, is responsible for the pay. The courts have decided that refusing to take newspapers and periodicals from the postoffice, or removing and leaving them there, is prima facie evidence of INTENTIONAL FRAUD.

SWISS newspapers report that the number of American tourists visiting that country this summer is one-third larger than it was at the same time last year.

THE Mexican war began April 24, 1846, and ended July 4, 1848. The total number of regular troops who served in this war was 30,954, while the volunteers and militia numbered 73,776, a grand total of 112,230.

AN innovation in yachting circles is now being talked of, nothing less than sails made of compressed paper, the sheets being cemented and riveted together in such a way as to form a smooth and strong seam.

IT is now thought by some physicians that death in cases of electric shock is due to contraction of the arteries under the influence of the current so great that the heart is not strong enough to overcome it and keep up the circulation.

THE war of the revolution began April 19, 1775, and lasted until April 11, 1783. The number of regular troops enlisted was 130,711, and the number of militia and volunteers was 164,080, a total of 309,781 men who served during a part or the whole of the war.

OUT of 1,486 ex-students of Girton, Newham, Somerville Hall, Holloway and Alexandria, the women's colleges of England, only 208 are reported as married. This leads to the conclusion that the more learned a woman is the less use she has for a husband.

IN a cemetery in the suburbs of Lowell, Mass., there are five headstones all alike, except the inscriptions. The first one reads, "First wife of John Smith," and the second, "Second wife," and so on until the fifth stone, which reads, "John Smith, at rest, at last."

SOME women bicyclists have a way of dividing their skirts at the moment of mounting by using a single safety pin to pin the front of the skirt at the hem to the back, between the feet. In this way all the value of the divided skirt is secured with none of its ugliness when walking.

THE southerly winds of the past few weeks in Essex, Ct., have driven mosquitoes into the town in great quantities and of such size as never before known. The farmers are obliged to cover their working cattle, and in some cases the cows have been almost dried up because they will not eat in the pasture.

A DERMATOLOGIST has lately promulgated the theory that sunburn is rather a good thing in its way. The action of the sun upon the skin is really beneficial, he says, and it is only in the first place that the effect is unpleasant. After the sunburn has worn off the texture of the skin is finer, smoother and more elastic than it was before.

LACE is a fabric that can be made to represent large amounts of money. The Astors have been credited with owning lace worth \$3,000,000, and the Vanderbilts their laces at \$4,000,000. The pope is said to be content with only \$75,000 represented in lace, and the princess of Wales can boast of \$25,000 worth of the dainty fabric.

THE popular soldier in France at present is Gen. de Poillou de Saint Mars, who is constantly devising new schemes for the comfort of the men in his command. Among other things he has prescribed a two hours' daily siesta for his troops and encouraged them to sing military songs in barracks and on the march. There are many elements of a Boulanger in him.

BARON EDMOND DE ROTHSCHILD has bought and presented to the Louvre the Bosco Reale treasure, consisting of forty silver articles which were hidden there by people escaping from the destruction of Pompeii. On one of the vases is depicted a dance of death.

The Louvre having refused to pay \$100,000 for the find, the Boston museum of fine arts was trying to buy it, when Baron de Rothschild stepped in.

MORE than thirty men and women were murdered in the city of San Francisco in the twelve months ending with June this year. Several of these were decided to be cases of justifiable homicide, but in twenty-seven cases the coroner's jury returned a verdict of wilful murder. For these twenty-seven murders only four persons have so far been punished by law, and these four have escaped with terms of imprisonment.

COL. JULIUS A. TAYLOR, whose death in Memphis, Tenn., is announced, was once called to preside at a convention in that state. The gathering was uproarious and disorderly, and for a time business was at a standstill. At length whipping out a huge revolver, Col. Taylor laid it on the desk in front of him and stated that he proposed to keep the peace. As his reputation as a good shot was known throughout Tennessee, the convention from that time was harmonious.

NEGROES RETURN.

Affairs at Spring Valley Assume a Normal Condition.

Thirty-Five White and Ten Colored Deputies Appointed to Maintain Order

—Account of the Outrages Perpetrated by the Italians.

PRINCETON, Ill., Aug. 7.—The rioters and the lawless held sway in Spring Valley Monday night. No arrests or attempts at arrests have been made and those anarchistically inclined are in high spirits. The mobs commenced operations Monday by stopping work at the various coal shafts, and during the entire day the streets swarmed with men and further depredations are expected at any time.

Italians Carry Out Their Threat.

PRINCETON, Ill., Aug. 8.—The Italian miners of Spring Valley made an attempt to carry out their resolution to expel all the colored people remaining in the city, and the result was one of the most disgraceful outrages ever perpetrated in Bureau county. Innocent women and children were driven from their homes, abused, insulted and their trunks and belongings dragged about and despoiled. The affair outside of Spring Valley has created a sensation and the news spread rapidly. Condemnations of the proceedings are coming from every quarter.

The Mayor Looks On.

During part of the time Martin Delmargo, the Italian mayor, accompanied by several Italian members of the police, were on the grounds watching the proceedings. Mayor Delmargo said he was there to see that the negroes got away peacefully, but if this was his purpose, he did not accomplish what he went for.

Call to Arms.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—In response to a call to arms addressed to the colored people of Chicago over 200 negroes assembled at 500 State street at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning.

A telegram was received from Gov. Altgeld promising that the negroes at Spring Valley would be protected in the exercise of their legal rights. A telegram was also received from the mayor of the lawless town, inviting a delegation of colored citizens to visit the place and investigate the affair. The invitation was accepted, and a committee of five appointed to go there at once.

Sent to Investigate.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Aug. 8.—Gov. Altgeld has dispatched Col. Hugh E. Boyle, assistant adjutant general, and George Schilling, secretary of the state bureau of labor statistics, to Spring Valley, to thoroughly investigate the situation and report to him.

Vote to Let Negroes Return.

PRINCETON, Ill., Aug. 9.—At a mass meeting of white miners, which assembled in the public square near the center of the city at 3 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, about 500 were present, the largest part of whom were English speaking.

Interpreters were present for the Italians and French. A resolution was offered to the effect that the miners of Spring Valley would recognize the fourteenth amendment to the constitution of the United States which guarantees to every person equal liberties without regard to race, color, or previous condition of servitude, and that the miners of Spring Valley would pledge their support to all officers in the endorsement of the law. After being interpreted the resolution was put to a vote and was declared carried by an overwhelming majority.

About fifty Italians voted in the negative. A committee was appointed to wait upon Manager S. M. Dalzell, of the Spring Valley Coal company, to inform him of the action of the meeting and to report that the miners are ready and anxious to return to work in the mines. A notification committee to report the condition of affairs to the colored miners, most of whom are at Seatonville, was also arranged between them. At Seatonville the negroes said they would return to work if protected.

Lawlessness Must Cease.

PRINCETON, Ill., Aug. 10.—As the result of another mass meeting, an attempt will be made again this morning to resume the coal mining industry at Spring Valley, and the colored miners and their families now in improvised quarters at Seatonville, 6 miles distant, will be notified that they can return to their homes in Spring Valley.

The mass meeting held Thursday was more largely attended than that of Wednesday and the action which was taken in a more decisive way is believed to have been brought about by the decisive stand taken by Sheriff Clark, of this city, and State Labor Statistician George Schilling, of Springfield, who appeared as the representatives of the governor.

Will Stand No More Trifling.

Mr. Schilling in his address at the meeting said the governor would stand no more trifling and that if mob rule was not brought to a speedy end in Spring Valley and the coal company permitted to resume operations and the negroes guaranteed their equal rights with the Italians the state troops would be ordered out at once. Sheriff Clark also informed Mayor Delmago, of Spring Valley, when the latter wired early in the morning for rifles with which to arm special police, as follows:

"I consider you a coward and that if I should send the rifles I might have to face the same guns with men I may be compelled to bring over. You will not get a single rifle from me unless my men from here go with them, and further, if you don't take some action for the protection of life and property I may go over and take possession of the city myself."

RETURN TO WORK.

Negroes Allowed to Go Back to Spring Valley—Young Italian Dies.

PRINCETON, Ill., Aug. 12.—The city of Spring Valley Friday morning was under the protection of ten armed colored special policemen and forty-five additional white patrolmen. Under these conditions the coal shafts resumed operations, both white and colored going to work in the mines. Sheriff Clark, of Princeton, is prepared to afford them protection at once should trouble break out again.

Barney Rollo, the Italian who was held up on the public highway about 1 o'clock on Sunday morning and after being robbed was shot three times, and which affair was alleged to be the cause of the murderous assaults on the colored settlers about noon of the same day, died Friday night at 8:17 o'clock.

Representative Buckner states that the outrage upon the negroes will be further investigated and if there is any means of punishing the perpetrators it will be done. Late in the afternoon the town was quiet and peaceful and shaft 3 was working quietly. About sixty negroes who have not yet gone to work are preparing to do so Saturday.

JUSTICE JACKSON DEAD.

The United States Supreme Court Loses an Occupant.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Aug. 10.—At 2 o'clock Thursday afternoon Judge Howell Edmunds Jackson, associate justice of the supreme court of the United States, died at his residence at Westmead, about 6 miles from the city, at the ripe age of 63. Judge Jackson had been in failing health for the past few years.

Judge Howell E. Jackson was the son of a late eminent physician of Jackson, Tenn. He was born in Paris, Tenn., April 18, 1832. He graduated from the law school with the highest honors, and was a classmate of ex-Judge now Rev. Dr. Lowe, late of Avondale Presbyterian church. His home is Westmead farm, near Nashville. His son, William H. Jackson, is engaged in the practice of law in this city, and is a candidate for the appointment to the United States district attorneyship.

Elected senator in 1881, his term did not expire until March 4, 1887, but he was appointed to the United States district court bench by President Cleveland, April 12, 1884. It is said that Mr. Cleveland would have appointed him



HOWELL E. JACKSON.

to the supreme bench during his term as president had it not been for the fact that Mrs. Jackson was much averse to living in Washington, and so told him. He was appointed to the supreme bench in January, 1893, by President Harrison.

Judge Jackson was a whig democrat and a protectionist. He was said to have great influence with Mr. Cleveland, and his nomination by the president was considered a compliment, not only to the gentleman himself, but to Mr. Cleveland.

Judge Jackson was twice married, the first time to Miss Sophia Malloy, daughter of David B. Malloy, a banker of Memphis, who died in 1878. To this union were born four children, as follows: Henry, Mary, William H. and Howell Jackson. Henry Jackson is at present soliciting freight agent of the Southern railway, with headquarters at Atlanta. W. H. Jackson, Jr., is attorney for the Chesapeake & Ohio railway at Cincinnati. Howell Jackson is manager of the Jackson cotton mills at Jackson, Tenn. In 1876 Judge Jackson married Miss Mary E. Harding, daughter of the late Gen. Harding. Of this union three children, Misses Elizabeth and Louise Jackson, and Harding A. Jackson, survive him.]

MISSOURI DEMOCRATS.

State Convention Declares for Free Silver

—Victory for Bland.

PERTLE SPRINGS, Mo., Aug. 8.—In the presence of 2,500 people, 514 of whom were delegates, the democratic party of the state of Missouri in convention assembled Tuesday, committed itself to the principle of the free coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1, and reorganized the state central committee so as to place the party machinery entirely out of the control of the gold men. "Silver Dick" Bland dominated the gathering completely. He was made temporary and permanent chairman, and in opening the convention stated deliberately that the time had come for the silver men to assume control of the party machinery and run it with a view of accomplishing their ends.

Prominent Citizens Said to Be Robbers.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., Aug. 9.—Four men, all of them prominent, were lodged in jail here late Wednesday night, charged with robbing the Brookfield (Mo.) post office of \$1,000 in February, 1894. The prisoners are W. S. Day, who was assistant postmaster at the time of the robbery; Harry Strode, J. E. Havely and August Zevery. Day was captured at East Liverpool, O., a few days ago, while the others were arrested at Bevier, Mo.

RAIN AND WIND.

They Combine for the Destruction of Much Valuable Property.

Lightning Lends Its Aid at Some Points—Destructive Storms in Indiana, Maryland, Ohio, New York, Nebraska and New Jersey.

RENSSELAER, Ind., Aug. 12.—A tornado of wind, hail and rain struck this town Sunday at 2 p.m., and lasted thirty minutes. The storm appeared to be only about half a mile wide. It came from the northwest and attained a fearful velocity. One stable containing a cow was lifted bodily, carried about 200 feet, and landed in a neighboring churchyard without injury to the cow and with little damage to the barn. Another stable was carried 100 feet and landed bottomside up. A large hay barn without a floor occupied by a family and some furniture was transported 100 feet and shattered partly across the railroad track, but the family and the furniture were uninjured. At least fifty dwellings were wholly or partially ruined by heavy trees blown down on them. The damage will aggregate \$20,000.

Considerable of a panic ensued at a colored camp meeting on the outskirts of town. The storm, without warning, picked up the tent bodily and left the people in a drenching rain and at the mercy of the hurricane. They protected themselves by clinging to trees, fence posts, etc.

DUNCAN, Neb., Aug. 12.—This entire country was swept by a severe electrical storm Saturday night and Sunday and much damage was done.

The high wind was accompanied by hail and rain. The storm was especially severe in Colfax and Platte counties, while adjacent counties suffered severely. The most disastrous results followed in the vicinity of Schuyler. All the glass in the sides of the buildings exposed to the storm was broken. Wires for a distance of 50 miles in all directions were torn down, and information secured here from that section was brought in by trains. While the torrents of rain helped crops in some sections, many fields were wholly destroyed by the enormous fall of hail. Streams in all directions overflowed their banks in a few hours, carrying destruction in the valleys. Railroad property was much damaged, traffic being greatly interfered with. Washouts are numerous for a distance of 50 miles.

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 12.—A sudden storm of wind which passed over Cleveland late Saturday night did considerable damage. The big car barns of the Cleveland Electric Railway company at the suburb of South Brooklyn were blown down, barns were unroofed and several giant trees were uprooted.

DANVILLE, N. Y., Aug. 12.—A terrific rain and windstorm accompanied by heavy thunder and sharp lightning passed over this section Saturday, lasting nearly two hours. Many trees were twisted off and blown down. Lightning struck in several places and much damage was done in the farming community, fields of grain being flattened to the ground and corn tangled up and blown down. A cloudburst on the Lackawanna caused a bad landslide. The storm is remarkable for the large volume of water that fell in the short space of time, nearly 4 inches being registered.

BALTIMORE, Md., Aug. 12.—A windstorm of cyclonic proportions, accompanied by a heavy downpour of rain and hail, visited this city Sunday afternoon. Houses were unroofed, trees uprooted, windows smashed, telegraph, telephone and trolley wires broken and other damage done within a few minutes that will require weeks to repair.

The most serious damage was the demolition of St. Elizabeth's Catholic church, in course of erection on East Baltimore street, opposite Patterson park. All parts of the city suffered. The storm came from the northwest. It continued at intervals for three hours, but most of the damage was done shortly after the storm appeared.

No fatalities have been reported, although it will be remarkable if the falling trees, demolished out-houses or flying house-topps did not cause injuries which have not yet been heard of. The losses so far reported will amount to upwards of \$30,000.

Just before the rain began the mercury at the weather observer's office made a record-breaking drop of nine degrees in one minute. The highest temperature during the day was reached just before the storm broke, when 96 degrees were recorded.

FLEMINGTON, N. J., Aug. 12.—The terror-stricken people of Quakertown, the scene of last Sunday's awful work by lightning, were again visited by a terrible thunderstorm Sunday afternoon. It was more severe than last Sunday, but the damage is much less.

Tremendous balls of fire were seen in midair bursting, several at a time. Lightning struck the large country residence of Capt. Samuel Everett, completely demolishing the two top floors and destroying all his furniture, while the family who occupied the first floor were uninjured, as was also the furniture on that floor. Floors were torn up and huge rafters torn from their places and stood upright, penetrating the roof. As in the case of last Sunday's awful work, there was no evidence of fire.

A FATAL PLUNGE.

Train Falls Through a Bridge in Ohio—Three Lives Lost.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Aug. 12.—The Ohio Southern railroad had one of the worst wrecks in its history Sunday afternoon about 2:30 o'clock at Paint river, 40 miles south of here. At this point there is a two-span bridge over the river. A west-bound coal train of thirty-five cars struck the bridge, which had been considered perfectly safe. The structure gave way in both spans and the engine dropped 25 feet below into the water, which at that point is about 30 feet deep. The coal cars followed the engine until twenty had piled up in the river. The remainder of the train had by this time become checked and remained on the track.

Engineer Clint Radcliffe, Fireman Martin Houser and Brakeman William Hineox, who were all in the cab at the time the bridge collapsed, went down without a moment's warning with the iron monster and were drowned. They are at present buried in the river under about 400 tons of coal. They all lived here. The remainder of the train crew escaped.

In connection with the sad catastrophe it is reported that four tramps who were stealing a ride went down to death with the train. This cannot be substantiated until the debris in the river is examined, but seems to be only too true.

It is learned that the cause of the wreck was that the bridge had caught fire and had half burned in two at the time the engine struck it. The three drowned men, who were in the cab, saw the smoke, but thought nothing of it, consequently no effort was made to stop.

The body of the engineer has just been found, pinned in the cab, but cannot be released. All efforts to find the other unfortunate men have been unsuccessful. It will probably be several days before they can be exhumed. The engineer and fireman were single, while the brakeman was married and leaves a wife and two children.

LOSS OF HALF A MILLION.

Fire Destroys a Large Stamping Plant at Newark, N. J.

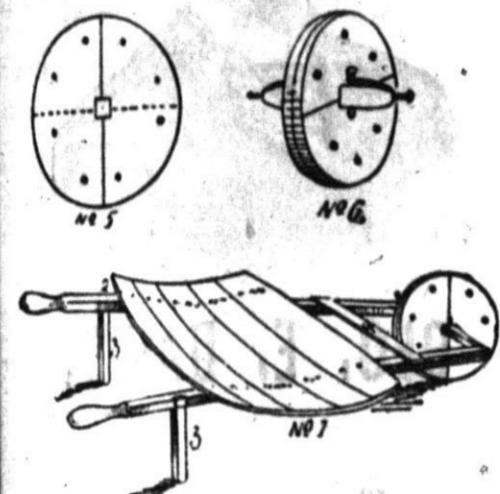
NEW YORK, Aug. 12.—One of the most destructive fires that has visited Newark, N. J., in many years occurred Sunday afternoon in the

AGRICULTURAL HINTS.

CHEAP WHEELBARROW.

It Can Be Made at Home on Wet Days or in the Evening.

Lay two pieces of white pine or hemlock boards side by side. With a pencil and piece of string draw a circle, using the crack between the boards for the center. Next saw out the circle with a compass saw. Having done this, repeat the operation, using the first for a pattern. The square hole should be sawed out before nailing the wheel together. Nail the four pieces together, taking pains to have the cracks cross each other. Make a square piece to fit the axle hole, securing it in place with wooden pins on either side of the wheel, as shown at No. 6 in cut. The handles may be made of almost any material at hand having sufficient strength, and consist merely of two straight pieces, about 4½ feet in length, smoothed off at the ends to fit the barrow. The body of the barrow is



A HOMEMADE WHEELBARROW.

made of barrel staves. In order that the staves may retain their original curve, thus giving the body its proper dish shape, blocks should be nailed to the handles having a gradual curve starting from the inside. Bore a hole in the wheel end of each handle and drive a large wire or wire nail through the hole into each end of the axle. A few blows of the hammer give it a pair of legs, and the barrow is complete. By the application of a little grease on the axles occasionally the barrow will be found to work more satisfactorily.—Rural New Yorker.

RAISING CALVES.

It Is What Every Wide-Awake Farmer Should Do.

Farmers who sell or ship their milk usually raise few calves, thinking it is cheaper to buy cows than it is to raise them. But are we apt to get as good cows? If a farmer sells cows it is his poorest ones he wants to dispose of. Whereas, if we raise our own cows we raise the calves from our best cows, and by using a blooded bull we stand a fair chance of improving our daily herd. As to feeding calves, it is not necessary to feed them much milk. We have good success in feeding a porridge made of cornmeal, ground buckwheat, wheat bran and linseed meal, mixed and proportioned as follows: Four quarts corn meal, four quarts wheat bran, two quarts ground buckwheat, and about two handfuls of linseed meal. We begin using about one heaping tablespoonful for each mess; make the porridge with water, add a pinch of salt and one quart of sweet milk. Increase the amount of grain as the calf grows older. Care should be taken not to get the calves too fat. When raising calves for cows they should be fed just enough to keep them growing and in good flesh, but not too fat. Calves kept fat while growing are not as apt to make as good cows as those that are just kept in a good growing condition.—N. V. Tribune.

The Teeth of the Colt.

In the colt the incisor and the first three molars on each jaw are always temporary and replaced by permanent teeth some time during the animal's life. The last three molars are always permanent and are never replaced. The teeth make their appearance as follows: The two middle incisors and the first three molars make their appearance before or some days after birth, the first laterals four or six weeks after birth, second laterals or corner teeth six or nine months after birth, the fourth molar (first permanent one) is cut at from ten to twelve months of age. At two and one-half years the middle incisors and the first and second molars are replaced. At the same time the fifth molar is cut. At three and one-half, the first lateral incisors and the third molar are replaced. At four and one-half the corner teeth are replaced, and the sixth molar is cut. In case of a male the canine teeth are also replaced at four and one-half.

HOUSE FOR POULTRY.

Arranged So as to Be Comfortable All the Year Round.

The poultry house shown has an underneath run, which serves to keep the hens cool in summer and warm in winter, as well as protecting them from sudden storms without the necessity of going into the roosting room.

In summer the rear of the underneath portion may be of wire instead of boards, or left open, as required. This house is intended for a flock in confinement, but will answer also for hens on a range, and may be of any size desired, the object here being to give the design only. It will cost a little more than a house that is close to the ground, but its advantages will more than compensate for its cost.

The upper portion is intended for roosting and laying, though in summer the hens may lay in boxes in the underneath portion.—Farm and Home.

Charcoal in the Poultry Yard.

Charcoal is one of the best disinfectants and purifiers of the animal system we have, or at least that we know of. When fowls are afflicted with such diseases as roup or any other putrid affection, charcoal is of great service, as it helps greatly to purify the digestive organs and acts as a stimulus by purifying the blood and toning up the system in general. It does not need to be crushed up fine, mixed with other food and thus compel them to eat it, but all that is necessary is to break it up in small pieces, convenient for them to swallow.—Farmer's Voice.

Dry, clean earth makes one of the very best materials that can be used in the nest boxes during the summer.

AMONG THE POULTRY.

WHOLE wheat is better for growing fowls than corn.

THERE are few kinds of poultry that pay better than guineas.

DO NOT allow the ducklings to go to the ponds until they are fully feathered.

LIME will kill lice; it is a good disinfectant; it will purify the air; it will make the poultry house clean and free from vermin.

OATS stimulate without enervating or fattening. They form a good ration to reduce the fat of hens that are too fat to lay well.

FEATHER pulling is largely due to idleness. It is most liable to occur in active breeds that are kept confined and have little exercise.

THE only hens that it will pay to keep through the winter are those that can be relied upon for winter layers or that are needed for breeders.

IN raising poultry for market the profit lies in hatching early, pushing the chickens forward as much as possible and marketing them early.

THERE never was a time when careful selection failed to give good results, especially when extra attention is given to the selection of the male.

FEEDING wheat has a tendency to produce a healthy growth, build up the muscular tissues and aid materially to cause the hens to lay plenty of rich eggs.

TURKEYS do not bear confinement well, whether young or old. When shut up they soon mope and droop their wings and begin to fall off in condition.

EGGSHELLS are good for the fowls, but they should be crushed very fine before feeding them. Otherwise you may introduce the egg-eating vice into the poultry yard.

GEES cost very little if allowed the liberty of the fields, with access to a pond or stream. To attempt to make them profitable without these advantages will result in failure.

ONE great recommendation that the larger breeds of fowls have over the small ones is that the large ones have to stay where they are put, while the small ones go where they please.

DUCKS never have the cholera, roup nor gapes; hawks will not touch them; they lay more eggs that will hatch better than hen eggs. With good feeding they can readily be made to weigh five pounds in ten weeks after hatching.—St. Louis Republic.

TESTING THE EGGS.

Too Much Attention Cannot Be Paid to This Operation.

This is a very important process. Contrary to what some people expect, all eggs will not hatch. The percentage of a hatch is the number of chickens from the fertile eggs, not from the number of eggs placed in the machine. It occurs frequently that eggs are fertile but the germ is so weak that it will seldom live after the tenth day. Eggs should be tested on the fourth or fifth day and again on the tenth day. Léghorn, Minorca and Houdan eggs can be tested satisfactorily 26 or 48 hours after placing them in the incubator, but Brahma and other dark-shelled eggs cannot be satisfactorily tested until the seventh day unless one is an expert and a very good egg-tester is used. A strong germ, says a writer, is needed to do me good. I felt encouraged and continued their use. After taking six boxes I was up and able to walk around the house. I have not felt so well for thirteen years as during the past year. Only one year have I taken Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I am able now to do chores and attend to light duties.

Do I hesitate to let you publish what I have said? No. Why should I? It is the truth and I am only too glad to let other sufferers know my experience. It may help those whose cup of misery is as full to-day as mine was in the past."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

CRIMSONBEAK (at dinner)—"My dear, it is all very well for you to have a fondness for feathers, but I wish you had not carried your fondness so far as to put them in the chicken soup."—Yonkers Statesman.

GRASS IS KING: 6 TONS PER ACRE.

SOW Grass, that is the foundation of all successful farming. Sow this fall! Did you ever hear of six tons per acre? Salzer's seeds produce such yields: Wheat 60 to 80 bushels! Rye 60 bushels! Cut this out and send for free sample Winter Wheat and Grass and Fall catalogue to John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis.

TO MAKE knowledge valuable, you must have the cheerfulness of wisdom. Goodness smiles to the last.—Emerson.

To Dorothy D.—Age 2.

The sunshine, darling, is in your hair, And June is in your eyes, And all day long, your life's a song Like the tune of Paradise The roses bloom in sweet perfume About you everywhere,

And the world you know—oh, it loves you so— Is a world surpassing fair.

But the little world that you know will grow, And when it does, my dear, May the rose still bloom in sweet perfume For you, through all the year:

And all the while, may the sun still smile With a glow of Paradise!

Each day a song, your whole life long— June always in your eyes.

—Marco Morrow, in Womankind.

A SLAVE FROM BOYHOOD.

(From the Red Wing, Minn., Republican.)

"I am now twenty-four years old," said Edwin Swanson, of White Rock, Goodhue county, Minn., to a Republican representative, "and as you can see I am not very large of stature. When I was eleven years old I became afflicted with a sickness which baffled the skill and knowledge of the physician. I was not taken suddenly ill, but on the contrary I can hardly state the exact time when it began. The first symptoms were pains in my back and restless nights. The disease did not trouble me much at first, but it seemed to have settled in my body to stay, and my bitter experience during the last thirteen years proved that to be the case. I was of course a child, and never dreamed of the suffering in store for me. I complained to my parents and they concluded that in time I would outgrow my trouble, but when they heard me groaning during my sleep they became thoroughly alarmed. Medical advice was sought but to no avail, I grew rapidly worse and was soon unable to move about and finally became confined continually to my bed. The best doctors that could be had were consulted, but did nothing for me. I tried various kinds of extensively advertised patent medicines with the same result.

"For twelve long years I was thus a sufferer, in constant agony without respite, abscesses formed on my body in rapid succession and the world indeed looked very dark to me. About this time when all hope was gone and nothing seemed left but to resign myself to my most bitter fate my attention was called to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. Like a drowning man grasping at a straw, in sheer desperation I concluded to make one more attempt—not to regain my health (I dare not to hope so much) but if possible to ease my pain.

"I bought a box of the pills and they seemed to do me good. I felt encouraged and continued their use. After taking six boxes I was up and able to walk around the house. I have not felt so well for thirteen years as during the past year. Only one year have I taken Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and I am able now to do chores and attend to light duties.

"Do I hesitate to let you publish what I have said? No. Why should I? It is the truth and I am only too glad to let other sufferers know my experience. It may help those whose cup of misery is as full to-day as mine was in the past."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are also a specific for troubles peculiar to females, such as suppressions, irregularities and all forms of weakness. They build up the blood, and restore the glow of health to pale and sallow cheeks. In men they effect a radical cure in all cases arising from mental worry, overwork or excesses of whatever nature. Pink Pills are sold in boxes (never in loose bulk) at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50, and may be had of all druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y.

CHICAGO.

THE MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Aug. 12.

LIVE STOCK—Beefees..... \$1.25 @ 87 1/2

Sheep..... 2.00 @ 80

Hogs..... 5.30 @ 90

FLOUR—Winter Patents..... 3.55 @ 85

Minnesota Patents..... 3.75 @ 95

WHEAT—No. 2 Red..... 73 @ 73 1/2

September..... 72 1/2 @ 73 1/2

CORN—No. 2..... 46 1/2 @ 47 1/2

September..... 45 1/2 @ 45 1/2

OATS—No. 2..... 25 1/2 @ 26

September..... 24 1/2 @ 24 1/2

RYE..... 70 @ 70 1/2

PORK—Mess, New..... 11.00 @ 11 1/2

LARD—Western Steam..... 6.45 @ 6.50

BUTTER—West's Creamery..... 1.8 @ 20

Western Dairy..... 1.2 @ 13

DAIRY..... 9 @ 14 1/2

Packing Stock..... 6 @ 9

EGGS—Fresh..... 11 @ 12 1/2

BROOM CORN (per ton)..... 50.00 @ 61 100

POTATOES, New (per bu.)..... 23 @ 35

PORK—Mess..... 9 @ 15

LARD—Steam..... 6.12 @ 6.15

FLOUR—Spring Patents..... 3.75 @ 4.15

Spring Straights..... 2.50 @ 2.50

Winter Straights..... 3 @ 3.75

GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2..... 49 1/2 @ 50 1/2

Corn, No. 2..... 20 1/2 @ 20 1/2

Oats, No. 2..... 20 1/2 @ 20 1/2

Rye, No. 2..... 44 @ 44 1/2

Rye, Poor to Choice..... 33 @ 38

MILWAUKEE

CATTLE—Shipping Steers..... 88 60 @ 60 00

Stockers and Feeders..... 2.25 @ 37 1/2

Mixed Cows and Bulls..... 1.25 @ 37 1/2

Texas Steers..... 2.25 @ 40 00

HOGS—Light..... 4.75 @ 5.25

Heavy Packing..... 4.30 @ 4.50

Sheep..... 2.00 @ 3.75

BUTTER—Creamery..... 11 1/4 @ 19

Western Dairy..... 9 @ 14 1/2

Packing Stock..... 6 @ 9

EGGS—Fresh..... 11 @ 12 1/2

BROOK CORN (per ton)..... 50.00 @ 61 100

POTATOES, New (per bu.)..... 23 @ 35

PORK—Mess..... 9 @ 15

LARD—Steam..... 6.12 @ 6.15

FLOUR—Spring Patents..... 3.75 @ 4.15

Spring Straights..... 2.50 @ 2.50

Winter Straights..... 3 @ 3.75

GRAIN—Wheat, No. 2 Spring.....

SPECIFIC FOR SCROFULA.

"Since childhood, I have been afflicted with scrofulous boils and sores, which caused me terrible suffering. Physicians were unable to help me, and I only grew worse under their care. At length, I began to take



AYER'S

Sarsaparilla, and very soon grew better. After using half a dozen bottles I was completely cured, so that I have not had a boil or pimple on any part of my body for the last twelve years. I can cordially recommend Ayer's Sarsaparilla as the very best blood-purifier in existence." — G. T. REINHART, Myersville, Texas.

AYER'S THE ONLY WORLD'S FAIR Sarsaparilla

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral cures Coughs and Colds

SALESMEN WANTED

Pushing, trustworthy men to represent us in the sale of our Choice Nursery Stock. Specialties controlled by us. Highest Salary or Commission paid weekly. Steady employment the year round. Outfit free; exclusive territory; experience not necessary; big pay assured workers; special inducements to beginners. Write at once for particulars to

ALLEN NURSERY CO.
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

15

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ADVERTISING.

Advertising attracts attention.

B

Catches Circulating coin.

If you want to catch circulating coin try the Herald.

A. ALLISON.

\$1000 in Gold Given Away as Prizes.

For the best Pictures Taken. On November 15th, 1895, we shall give away ONE THOUSAND DOLLARS in gold for the best pictures taken by the La Crosse Camera.

The prizes will be awarded as follows: \$200 in gold will be given for the best picture taken by this Camera; \$100 for the second best; \$50 for the third best; \$25 for the fourth best; \$15 for the fifth best; \$10 for the sixth best, and for the next 40 best \$5 each will be given; for the next 20 best \$2.50 each will be given and for the next 200 best pictures taken by the La Crosse Camera \$1 each will be given making in all \$1000 given away.

We shall do this for two reasons, viz: The first to introduce the La Crosse Camera for 1895; the second, to educate the amateurs in photography.—This contest closes on November 1st, 1895.

This camera can be used by any one and is sold under a positive written guarantee to do the work or money refunded.

Sent by express with full instructions and rules governing this contest upon receipt of express money order for \$1.75.

Remember. A WRITTEN GUARANTEE GOES WITH EVERY CAMERA.

Address: LA CROSSE SPECIALTY CO., La Crosse, Wis.

PATENTS CAVEATS, TRADE MARKS COPYRIGHTS.

CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York, or to any of the patent business. Communicate only on business. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them gratis. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific patents, gratis.

Send for it through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and that are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper is issued weekly, elegantly printed, and is the largest and most valuable of its kind. Price 25 cents a year, specimen copies sent free.

Building Edition, monthly, \$2.50 a year. Single copies, 25 cents. Every number contains several useful plates, in colors, and illustrations of various works of art, and scientific contrivances to show the latest improvements and recent contracts. Address

MUNN & CO., NEW YORK, 361 BROADWAY.

One Day's Testing of Cows Valuable.

The World's Fair Dairy Tests held at Chicago have demonstrated beyond possibility of question the absolute unreliability of a test by churn or oil test for one single day as an evidence of the capacity of the cow for, say, a week or a month. The data obtained in these tests clearly show that a cow which was making an average of two pounds per day, without the slightest evidence of any cause therefore, will make as high as 2½ to 2¾ lbs., and sometimes close to 3 lbs., in twenty-four hours. There is no apparent reason why such should be the case, but there are always causes for results in dairy cows. It may be the forerunner of some sickness, something that has excited the cow, which causes the butter fat to be abnormally great upon that particular day; it may be a sudden change in feed which disturbs her, and while such change may not prove beneficial, the result of it is that for that particular twenty-four hours it does not decrease the flow of milk, but, being a disturbing element, increases the fat in the milk.

It was very noticeable that when a cow was shipped by express to the barn, and was tested the day following her reaching there, she almost invariably gave a larger percentage of fat than at any time subsequent. The question that arises is, how far are tests that have been conducted at fairs throughout the country of any value as a criterion of the butter capacity of the cows? Cows are at times shipped some considerable distance, and are tested the next day, and if not tested on that day, then within a few days after arrival. All the time the cows are subjected to excitement and other disturbing causes, which would certainly have a tendency to the production of an excess amount of fat in the milk, as compared with their normal condition. For these reasons it is claimed that a one day's test of a cow is practically valueless as a basis for judging her capacity for any more lengthened period, and the facts of the World's Fair Dairy Tests bear this out.

Here He Is at Last.

A French paper tells of a man who ought to be set down as the meanest man of his time. His name is Rapineau, and he is the happy father of three children. His chief claim to meanness lies in the fact that he has lately discovered a plan to reduce his weekly expenditure. Every morning, when sitting down at table, he makes the following proposal: "Those who will go without breakfast shall have twopence." "Me—me!" exclaim the youngsters in chorus. Rapineau gives them the money and suppresses the breakfast. In the afternoon, when the children were anxiously expecting their first meal, Rapineau calls out, "Those who want their dinner must give twopence;" and they all pay back what they received in the morning for going without their breakfast, and in that way Rapineau saves a meal a day.—Harper's Round Weekly.

Teachers' Examinations.

The examination of teachers of Washtenaw county for the ensuing year will be held as follows:

Regular examinations for all grades, at Ann Arbor, the third Thursday of August, 1895, and the last Thursday of March, 1896.

Regular examination for second and third grades, at Ann Arbor, the third Thursday of October, 1895, and the third Thursday of June, 1896.

Special examination for third grade, at Manchester, the third Friday of September, 1895. W. M. W. WEDEMEYER, Commissioner of Schools.

Notice.

Examinations of candidates for admission to the Michigan Agricultural College will be held at the time of the regular teachers' examinations, and will be conducted in the same manner as these examinations.

The work of each and every candidate, together with the name and address, will be forwarded by the commissioner, within five days from the date of the examination, to the president of the college, who will examine and grade the answers and report to the candidate, within five days of the receipt of the paper, the result of the examination. A standard of 70 per cent in each branch will admit to the freshman class of the college without further examination.

W. M. W. WEDEMEYER,
Commissioner of Schools.

Buckley's Arctica Salve.

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt-Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by F. P. Glazier & Co.

Odds and Ends.

Mrs. Phineas T. Barnum, widow of the great showman, was married on Wednesday at the office of Col. R. G. Ingersoll, in New York City, to Demetrius Callias Bey, a wealthy Greek, Rev. Fr. Papageorgeopolous officiating.

For poisonous stings of insects, from the mosquito upward, a liniment of equal parts of ammonia and sweet oil is a necessity in every family. This will be of great advantage to camping parties especially, and they ought never to go without a bottle of this liniment prepared.

Many of the county roads are obstructed by stones, although the law commands that stones be removed from the highways as often as twice a year. They are ruinous to vehicles, dangerous to animals, and even the human pedestrian must step high "lest at any time he dash his foot against a stone." Out with them!

If you are not already acquainted with this fact, it is worth knowing, says an exchange: Bread moulds quickly in August weather; as soon as it is stale, and before the mould attacks it, put it in a moderate oven till well heated through and it will be like fresh bread. If the oven is very hot put it in one pan and turn another one over it.

Mr. Natanael Mortonson, a well-known citizen of Ishpeming, Mich., and editor Superior Posten, who for a long time suffered from the most excruciating pains of rheumatism, was cured eight ears ago by taking Ayer's Sarsaparilla, having never felt a twinge of it since.

A new counterfeit \$10 national bank note on the first national bank of Detroit has been discovered by the secret service bureau. The notes are photographic productions of brown backs, series of 1882, check letter "C," B. K. Bruce, registrar; James Gilfillin, treasurer. The printing of the notes is badly blurred, and they bear the large scalloped seal printed in dark red instead of chocolate.

An exchange says that victims of the liquor habit should eat tomatoes sprinkled with salt, consuming as much each day as possible. Let the eating of tomatoes and salt to excess be continued for several days, and the tomato eater will find liquor offensive, undrinkable, or, if drunk, ungrateful to the stomach, so much so that it will be thrown up. This is the cheapest gold cure yet heard of, and it is said to be effective.

It is again asserted that hoops are soon to return into fashion. A feminine authority in New York says: "When the modistes tried to force hoops on us a few years ago we were not quite prepared for them. Now, with the flaring skirts, sloping shoulders and big sleeves, the old-fashioned hoops complete the picture, and we will take kindly to them." How are hoops to be reconciled with bloomers and knickerbockers?

The hair, when not properly cared for, loses its lustre, becomes crisp, harsh and dry, and falls out freely with every combing. To prevent this, the best dressing in the market is Ayer's Hair Vigor. It imparts that silky gloss so essential to perfect beauty.

An open can of gasoline or an uncorked bottle of benzine in a room where there is a flame of any kind is about as dangerous for the occupants of that room as would be a keg of gunpowder, possibly a little more dangerous, for a vapor escapes from the fluids named that may lay a train from the flame to the can or bottle.

The powder must be touched by the flame before there is an explosion. Notwithstanding these oft-repeated facts, users of these two highly dangerous fluids, because they have long stood over a Vesuvius and not been hurt, grow more and more careless, until finally the undertaker is called in. Pity that some substitute for these two destroyers can not be found.

The awkwardness of country youths when they visit the cities has long been a subject for ridicule by city residents. But in the practical education which contact with nature gives the country boy or girl has the advantage. Prof. G. Stanley Hall of Clark University recently questioned some six-year-old city children with very surprising results. Forty-five per cent, or nearly one-half, had never been in the country. Twenty per cent did not know that milk came from cows. Fourteen per cent, or one in seven, had never seen the stars, and 55 per cent did not know that the articles of wood were made from trees. All these things and thousands more the country boy or girl learns unconsciously. It is this useful information which tends to give a practical character to the ideas of country-bred men and women. They realize most fully that he who has his foot on the soil has the foundation that is least likely to be shaken when storms and tempests arise.

Captain Sweeney, U. S. A., San Diego, Cal. says: "Snilon's Catarrh Remedy is the first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50c. Sold by Armstrong & Co.

Spend your Outing on the Great Lakes

Visit picturesque Mackinac Island. It will only cost you about \$12.50 from Detroit; \$15 from Toledo; \$18 from Cleveland, for the round trip, including meals and berths. Avoid the heat and dust by traveling on the D. & C. floating palaces. The attractions of trip to the Mackinac region are unsurpassed. The island itself is a grand romantic spot, its climate most invigorating. Two new steel passenger steamers have just been built for the upper lake route, costing \$300,000 each. They are equipped with every modern convenience, annunciators, bath-rooms, etc., illuminated throughout by electricity, and are guaranteed to be the grandest, largest and safest steamers on fresh water.

These steamers favorably compare with the great ocean liners in construction and speed. Four trips per week between Toledo, Detroit, Alpena, Mackinac, St. Ignas, Petosky, Chicago, "Soo" Marquette and Duluth. Daily between Cleveland and Detroit. Daily between Put-in-Bay. The cabins, parlors and staterooms of these steamers are designed for the complete entertainment of humanity under home conditions; the palatial equipment, the luxury of the appointment makes traveling on these steamers thoroughly enjoyable. Send for illustrated descriptive pamphlet. Address A. A. Schantz, G. P. & T. A. D. & C. Detroit, Mich.

For Sale.

A large and beautiful village lot on Jefferson street, near the Union school. Will be sold at a bargain. Enquire at this office.

It May Do as Much for You.

Mr. Fred Miller, of Irving, Ill., writes that he had a Severe Kidney trouble for many years, with severe pains in his back and also that his bladder was affected. He tried many so called Kidney cures but without any good result. About a year ago he began use of Electric Bitters and found relief at once. Electric Bitters is especially adapted to cure of all Kidney and Liver troubles and often gives almost instant relief. One trial will prove our statement. Price only 50c for large bottle. At F. P. Glazier & Co.'s Drug Store.

Hay Fever.

As the 20th of August approaches, you should fortify your system with Dr. Humphreys' Specific "77," and escape Hay Fever. Price, 25c—all druggists.

Markets.

Chelsea, Aug. 14, 1895.
 Eggs, per dozen 10c
 Butter, per pound 13c
 Oats, per bushel 32c
 Corn, per bushel 25c
 Wheat, per bushel 67c
 Potatoes, per bushel 35c
 Apples, per bushel 30c
 Onions, per bushel 80
 Beans, per bushel \$1.75

Shiloh's Cure, the great Cough and Croup Cure, is in great demand. Pocket size contains twenty-five doses, only 25c. Children love it. Sold by Armstrong and Co.

Christian Endeavorers in some cities are putting up drinking fountains for the free service of ice water. That is practical Christianity. It was Mark who said: "For whosoever shall give you a cup of water to drink in my name * * * Verily I say unto you he shall not lose his reward."

Of Interest to Ladies.

We offer no apology in placing before you "THE LADIES' SAFE PROTECTOR" it is absolutely reliable, easily adjusted, does not become misplaced and insures protection. Can be worn when desired without observation or knowledge of another and prevents disagreeable annoyance under certain conditions. If you use it once you will never be without it. It is a faithful, safe, and reliable friend whenever needed by special circumstances requiring its use. It is an article every woman should keep ready for immediate use. It is simple to use, and inspires confidence to the woman using it. It is reliable and scientifically made, insures protection without injury to health, as any good physician would say. We are of the opinion that no article has ever been made which will give as much satisfaction to the woman of to-day as "THE LADIES' SAFE PROTECTOR." The immense sales of this article is substantial endorsement of our claim. Do not therefore experiment with any of the numerous unreliable articles as it is both dangerous to health and expensive to do so. Such experimenting can only result in loss of time, disappointment and dismal failure. Ladies should remember this before ordering other goods and not waste their time and money on inferior articles. The best is always the cheapest. "THE LADIES' SAFE PROTECTOR" is sold under a positive guarantee for use for one year, with full directions and I, sent sealed in plain wrapper upon receipt of express money order for \$2.00, three for \$5.00. Do not wait but order at once. Address THE LA CROSSE SPECIALTY CO., La Crosse, Wis.



KARL'S GLOVER ROOT
PURIFIES THE BLOOD
CURES CONSTIPATION
INDIGESTION DIZZINESS
ERUPTIONS ON THE SKIN
BEAUTIFIES COMPLEXION
IT IS FOR A CASE IT WILL NOT CURE

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ed Free.

Probate Order.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Washtenaw ss. At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Washtenaw, holden at the Probate Office in the City of Ann Arbor, on Monday, the 5th day of August in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

Present, J. Willard Babbitt, Judge of Probate in the matter of the estate of Daniel Doran deceased.

On reading and filling the petition, duly verified, of Margaret Conway, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to herself or some other suitable person. Thereupon it is ordered, that on Monday, the 2nd day of September next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law, of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be held at the Probate Office, in the City of Ann Arbor, and show cause if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Chelsea Herald, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day or hearing.

J. WILLARD BABBITT,
Judge of Probate,
[A true copy.]
WM. G. DOTY, Probate Register.

THE MILD POWER CURES. **HUMPHREYS'**